

6.5 Properties of Logarithms – Summary on page 459 (see also page 426).

Based on the fact that “logarithms are exponents” and thus follow the properties of exponents.

Evaluate without a calculator:

1. $\log_2 \left(\frac{1}{8} \right) =$ _____

3. $4e^{\ln 2x} =$ _____

2. $\ln e^{3x} =$ _____

4. $3^{\log_3 2x} =$ _____

Rewrite as a single logarithm and simplify.

5. $3\log_2 u - 5\log_2 v^3$

6. $2\log 2 + 3\log x - \frac{1}{2} [\log(x+3) + \log(x-2)]$

Write as the sum or difference of logs, writing powers as factors.

7. $\ln \left(\frac{x-4}{(x+4)^3} \right)$

8. $\log \left(\frac{x^3 \sqrt{x^2+1}}{x-3} \right)$

Evaluate with the Change-of-Base Formula:

9. $\log_2 11 =$ _____

10. $\log_7 25 =$ _____

6.6 Logarithmic and Exponential Equations – See pages 462 – 466.

11. $3^{2x+1} + 4 = 40$

12. $e^{1-x} = 5$

x = _____

x = _____

13. $5^{x+2} = 7^{x-2}$

14. $2^{x+1} \cdot 8^{-x} = 4$

x = _____

x = _____

$$15. \log_5(x^2 - 4x) = 1$$

$$16. \log(x^2 + 3) = \log(x + 6)$$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$17. \log_2(x - 4) + \log_2(x + 4) = 3$$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

6.7 Compound Interest – See pages 470 - 475

18. Find the amount that results when \$200 is invested at 8% compounded quarterly for a period of two years.

19. Calculate the amount of money that should be invested at 6% compounded continuously to produce a final balance of \$20,000 in five years.

6.8 Exponential Growth and Decay – See pages 479- 484

20. The population of a small city follows the exponential law. If the population doubled in size over a 5 year period and the current population is 40,000, what will the population be 3 years from now?

21. The population P of a city is given by $P = 120,000e^{kt}$ where $t = 0$ in 1990. In 1995 the population was 140,000. a.) Find the value of k , and b.) use this value to predict the population in the year 2001. c.) When will the population be 200,000?
