

## Sec. 4.2 Derivatives of Products and Quotients

$$1. f'(x) = x^3 e^x + 3x^2 e^x$$

$$= x^3 e^x (2 - 3)$$

$$3. f'(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{x} + \frac{1}{2} x^{-\frac{1}{2}} \ln x$$

$$5. f'(x) = e^x (2x) + (x^2 - 3)e^x$$

$$7. f'(x) = (4e^x - x^5)(\frac{1}{x}) - (4e^x - 5x^4)(\ln x)$$

$$9. f'(x) = (e^x + 1)(\frac{1}{2}x^{-\frac{1}{2}}) + (\sqrt{x} + 1)(e^x)$$

$$11. f'(x) = (2x - 3 \ln x)(1 - x^{-2}) + (2 - \frac{3}{x})(x + \frac{1}{x})$$

$$13. f(x) = \frac{\ln x}{e^x}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{e^x(\frac{1}{x}) - e^x \ln x}{e^{2x}}$$

$$15. f'(x) = \frac{\ln(x)(0) - 1(\frac{1}{x})}{(\ln x)^2}$$

$$= \frac{-1}{x(\ln x)^2}$$

$$17. f'(x) = \frac{(x+2)(1) - (x)(1)}{(x+2)^2}$$

$$= \frac{2}{(x+2)^2}$$

$$19. f'(x) = \frac{(x+5)(1) - (x-3)(1)}{(x+5)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{8}{(x+5)^2}$$

$$21. f'(x) = \frac{(x-2)e^x - (1)e^x}{(x-2)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{e^x(x-3)}{(x-2)^2}$$

$$23. f'(x) = \frac{(2x-1)(-3) - (2-3x)(2)}{(2x-1)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{-1}{(2x-1)^2}$$

$$25. \frac{dy}{du} = \frac{(u^2+1)3e^u - 3e^u(2u)}{(u^2+1)^2}$$

$$\frac{dy}{du} = \frac{3e^u(u^2 - 2u + 1)}{(u^2+1)^2}$$

$$27. \frac{dy}{du} = \frac{(u^2+2)(1) - (u+1)(2u)}{(u^2+2)^2}$$

$$= \frac{-u^2 - 2u + 2}{(u^2+2)^2}$$

$$29. \frac{dy}{du} = \frac{(u^2+3)(3u^2) - (u^3-1)(2u)}{(u^2+3)^2}$$

$$= \frac{u^4 + 9u^2 + 2u}{(u^2+3)^2}$$

$$31. \frac{dy}{du} = \frac{(u^3 - e^u - 1)(\frac{1}{3}u^{-\frac{2}{3}}) - (u^{\frac{1}{3}})(3u^2 - e^u)}{(u^3 - e^u - 1)^2}$$

$$33. R'(x) = \frac{(1+x^2)(1) - (x)(2x)}{(1+x^2)^2}$$

$$= \frac{-x^2 + 1}{(1+x^2)^2}$$

$$51. f'(x) = x(\cos x) + \sin x (1)$$

$$= x \cos x + \sin x$$