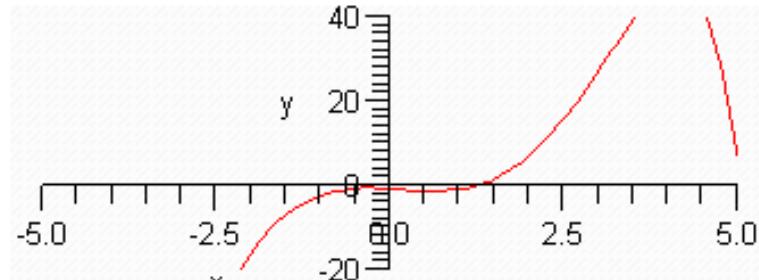


### Newton's Method

>  $f := x \rightarrow 2 \cdot x^3 - 3^x;$

$$f := x \rightarrow 2 \cdot x^3 - 3^x$$

>  $\text{plot}(f(x), x = -5 .. 5, y = -20 .. 40);$



>  $g := x \rightarrow x - \frac{f(x)}{D(f)(x)};$

$$g := x \rightarrow x - \frac{f(x)}{(D(f))(x)}$$

>  $x[0] := 2$

$$x_0 := 2$$

>

>  $\text{for } n \text{ from } 0 \text{ to } 5 \text{ do } x[n + 1] := \text{evalf}(g(x[n])) \text{ end do;}$

$$x_1 := 1.503985456$$

$$x_2 := 1.301772223$$

$$x_3 := 1.260041905$$

$$x_4 := 1.258265719$$

$$x_5 := 1.258262548$$

$$x_6 := 1.258262548$$

>