

# Basics and Properties

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Given linear ODE  $a_n y^{(n)} + a_{n-1} y^{(n-1)} + \dots + a_1 y' + a_0 y = 0$

with  $\lambda_i$  solutions of characteristic polynomial, general solution for distinct roots

$$y = c_1 e^{\lambda_1 x} + c_2 e^{\lambda_2 x} + \dots + c_n e^{\lambda_n x}$$

**Bessel**  $xy'' + y' + \lambda^2 xy = 0$ ,  $y = d_1 J_0(\alpha x) + d_2 Y_0(\alpha x)$ .  $J_0$  and  $Y_0$  are the **Bessel functions of order 0 of the first and second kind**. We denote the zeros of  $J_0$  by  $\alpha_n$

**Euler's Equation**  $x^2 y'' + xy' - n^2 y = 0$

$$y = c_1 x^n + c_2 x^{-n}, \text{ for } n = 1, 2, 3, \dots \text{ and } y = c_1 + c_2 \ln(r), \text{ for } n = 0$$

$$1) \mathcal{F}(f(x) + g(x))(w) = \hat{f}(w) + \hat{g}(w)$$

$$2) \mathcal{F}(cf(x))(w) = c\hat{f}(w)$$

$$3) \mathcal{F}(e^{ikx} f(x))(w) = \hat{f}(w - k)$$

$$4) \mathcal{F}(f(x - k))(w) = e^{-ikw} \hat{f}(w)$$

$$5) \mathcal{F}(f'(x))(w) = iw\hat{f}(w)$$

$$6) \mathcal{F}(xf(x))(w) = i \frac{d}{dw} \hat{f}(w)$$

$$7) \mathcal{F}(f * g)(w) = \hat{f}(w) \cdot \hat{g}(w)$$

$$8) \mathcal{F}(\mathcal{F}(f))(x) = f(-x)$$

$$9) \mathcal{F}(\delta_\alpha)(w) = \frac{e^{-i\alpha w}}{\sqrt{2\pi}}$$

$$10) \mathcal{F}(\mathcal{U}_\alpha)(w) = \frac{-ie^{-i\alpha w}}{\sqrt{2\pi w}}$$

$$1) \mathcal{L}(f(t) + g(t))(w) = F(s) + F(s)$$

$$2) \mathcal{L}(cf(t))(w) = cF(s)$$

$$3) \mathcal{L}(e^{at} f(t))(s) = F(s - a)$$

$$4) \mathcal{L}(\mathcal{U}_0(t - a) f(t - a))(s) = e^{-as} F(s)$$

$$5) \mathcal{L}(f'(t))(s) = s\mathcal{L}(f(s)) - f(0)$$

$$6) \mathcal{F}(tf(t))(w) = -\frac{d}{ds} F(s)$$

$$7) \mathcal{F}(f * g)(s) = F(s) \cdot G(s)$$

$$8) \mathcal{L}(\delta_0(t - a)) = e^{-as}$$

**Sturm-Liouville**  $[p(x)y']' + [q(x) + \lambda r(x)]y = 0$

**Green's Identities**

$$\iint_{\Omega} (u \nabla^2 v + \nabla u \cdot \nabla v) dA = \int_{\Gamma} u \frac{\partial v}{\partial n} ds, \quad \iint_{\Omega} (u \nabla^2 v - v \nabla^2 u) dA = \int_{\Gamma} \left( u \frac{\partial v}{\partial n} - v \frac{\partial u}{\partial n} \right) ds$$

$$\text{Normal derivative } \frac{\partial u}{\partial n} = \nabla u \cdot \vec{n} = \langle u_x, u_y \rangle \cdot \frac{\langle -y'(t), x'(t) \rangle}{\sqrt{y'(t)^2 + x'(t)^2}}$$

$$\text{Cauchy Integral Formula : } f(a) = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_C \frac{f(z)}{z - a} dz$$

**Poisson Integral** unit disk & upper half-plane

$$u(r, \theta) = \frac{1 - r^2}{2\pi} \int_{2\pi}^0 \frac{f(\theta)}{(1 + r^2 - 2 * r \cos(\theta - \phi))} d\phi \quad u(x, y) = \frac{y}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{f(t)}{(t - x)^2 + y^2} dt$$

**Green's Function** unit disk & upper half-plane

$$G(z, z_0) = \ln \left| \frac{z - z_0}{1 - \bar{z}_0 z} \right| \quad G(z, z_0) = \ln \left| \frac{z - z_0}{z - \bar{z}_0} \right|$$