

Homework due Sept. 18

I. Ablative absolutes: Translate the sentences. The main clause of all of these is “Theseus came/returned to Athens” or “Theseus left Crete.” But the ablative absolutes give different backgrounds for these bald statements of fact.

1. hostibus victis, Theseus Athenas advenit.

2. Theseo ab Ariadne amato, e Creta effugit.

3. Procruste in lecto suo coacto, Theseus Athenas advenit.

4. Scirone in mare iacto, Theseus Athenas advenit.

5. Theseus Athenas advenit omnibus qui viatores infestabant interfectis.

6. Minotauro in labyrintho mortuo iacente, Theseus Athenas rediit.

7. his rebus factis Theseus e Creta effugit.

8. his verbis dictis, Theseus a Creta effugit.

Gender, number and case:

For the following passage, give the gender, number and case of the underlined words. qui ad mare loco quodam praerupto* sedebat et, qui* iter gradiebatur, cogebat eum sibi pedes lavare et ita in mare praecipitabat*, hunc Theseus pari leto* in mare deiecit, ex quo Scironis* petrae sunt dictae. Cercyonem Vulcani filium armis occidit.

Word	Gender	Number	Case	Declension
1. loco	<i>m f n</i>	<i>s pl</i>	<i>nom. gen. dat. acc. abl.</i>	<i>1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th</i>
2. iter	<i>m f n</i>	<i>s pl</i>	<i>nom. gen. dat. acc. abl.</i>	<i>1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th</i>
3. eum	<i>m f n</i>	<i>s pl</i>	<i>nom. gen. dat. acc. abl.</i>	<i>1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th</i>
4. mare	<i>m f n</i>	<i>s pl</i>	<i>nom. gen. dat. acc. abl.</i>	<i>1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th</i>
5. petrae	<i>m f n</i>	<i>s pl</i>	<i>nom. gen. dat. acc. abl.</i>	<i>1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th</i>
6. Vulcani	<i>m f n</i>	<i>s pl</i>	<i>nom. gen. dat. acc. abl.</i>	<i>1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th</i>
7. filium	<i>m f n</i>	<i>s pl</i>	<i>nom. gen. dat. acc. abl.</i>	<i>1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th</i>
8. armis	<i>m f n</i>	<i>s pl</i>	<i>nom. gen. dat. acc. abl.</i>	<i>1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th</i>