

Latin 101

Jan. 22, 2010

Reading/ Color Code

agricola et vītam et fortūnam nautae saepe laudat;
nauta magnam fortūnam et vītam poetae laudat;
et poeta vītam et agrōs agricolae laudat.
(sine philosophiā) avārī virī (dē pecūniā) semper cōgitant:
multam pecūniam habent,
sed pecūnia multa virum avārum nōn satiat.

Sentences Drill (Scroll down for answers)

Prepositional Phrases

1. puer (dē amīcīs) cōgitat.
2. puella dē scholā nōn cōgitat.
3. fēmina dē virīs cōgitat.
4. virī dē fortūnā cōgitant.
5. vir avārus dē pecūniā errat.
6. puella (dē puerō) errat.
7. fēmina (cum amīcīs) ambulat.
8. puer (cum puellīs) festinat.
9. puerī cum amīcīs festinant.
10. vir cum fēminā ambulat.
11. fēmina cum virō ambulat.
12. fēminae cum poetīs ambulant.
13. sine pecūniā nōn valeō.
14. sine amīcīs nōn valeō.
15. sine pecūniā fortūnam nōn habeō.
16. sine irā puerum nōn terreō.
17. sine filiō ambulō.
18. sine filiīs ambulāmus.
19. sine poetis ambulātis.
20. sine poetā amīcōs vocās.
21. sella est in solā.
22. chartae sunt in mensā.

23. puerī in scholā sunt.
24. fēmina in casā est.
25. fēmina amīcam in casā videt.
26. stilus est in tabulā.
27. librī sunt in mensā.

With genitives:

1. amīcum puerī vocō.
2. amīcus puerī mē vocat.
3. amīcus puerōrum mē vocat.
4. amīcī puellārum mē vocant.
5. dē fortūnā virōrum cōgitāmus.
6. charta poetae est in mensā.
7. rosam puellae vidēmus.
8. rosam puellārum vidēmus.
9. rosa puellae est in casā.
10. multae puellārum sunt avārae.
11. multī virōrum sunt magnī.
12. multī portārum sunt magnī.
13. multī poetārum sunt Rōmānī.
14. amīcus Rōmānī est in casā.
15. amīcus virī mē vocat.
16. amīca filiae mē amat.
17. amīcum filiī amō.
18. casam agricolae videō.
19. casās fēminārum vidēmus.
20. dē sapientiā poetārum cōgitō.
21. dē scholā puerōrum cōgitō.
22. stilum puerī habeō.
23. agrum agricolae videō.
24. fōrmam puellae laudāmus.
25. fortūnam poetārum vidēmus.
26. ira fēminae est magna.
27. iram fēminae vidēmus.

Answers

Prepositional Phrases

1. puer (dē amīcīs) cōgitat. *The boy thinks about his friends.*

2. puella dē scholā nōn cōgitat. *The girl does not think about school.*
3. fēmina dē virīs cōgitat. *The woman thinks about men.*
4. virī dē fortūnā cōgitant. *The men think about fortune.*
5. vir avārus dē pecūniā errat. *The greedy man is wrong about money.*
6. puella (dē puerō) errat. *The girl is wrong about the boy.*
7. fēmina (cum amīcīs) ambulat. *The woman is walknign with her friends.*
8. puer (cum puellīs) festinat. *The boy is hurrying with the girls.*
9. puerī cum amīcīs festinant. *The boy hurries with his friends.*
10. vir cum fēminā ambulat. *The man walks with the woman.*
11. fēmina cum virō ambulat. *The woman walks with the man.*
12. fēminae cum poetīs ambulant. *The women walk with the poets.*
13. sine pecūniā nōn valeō. *Without money, I am not well.*
14. sine amīcīs nōn valeō. *Without friends, I am not well.*
15. sine pecūniā fortūnam nōn habeō. *Without money, I do not have luck.*
16. sine irā puerum nōn terreō. *Without anger, I do not scare the boy.*
17. sine filiō ambulō. *I am walking without my son.*
18. sine filiīs ambulāmus. *We are walking without our children/sons.*
19. sine poetīs ambulātis. *You are walking without the poets.*
20. sine poetā amīcōs vocās. *Without the poets, you call (your) friends.*
21. sella est in solō. *The chair is on the floor.*
22. chartae sunt in mensā. *The papers are on the table.*
23. puerī in scholā sunt. *The boys/children are in school.*
24. fēmina in casā est. *The woman is in the house.*
25. fēmina amīcam in casā videt. *The woman sees her friends in the house.*
26. stilus est in tabulā. *The pen is on the tablet.*
27. librī sunt in mensā. *The books are on the table.*

With genitives:

1. amīcum puerī vocō. *I call the boy's friend.*
2. amīcus puerī mē vocat. *The boy's friend calls me.*
3. amīcus puerōrum mē vocat. *The boys' friend calls me.*
4. amīcī puellārum mē vocant. *The girls' friends call me.*
5. dē fortūnā virōrum cōgitāmus. *We are thinking about the fortuna of men.*
6. charta poetae est in mensā. *The poet's paper is on the table.*
7. rosam puellae vidēmus. *We see the girl's rose.*
8. rosam puellārum vidēmus. *We see the girls' rose.*
9. rosa puellae est in casā. *The girl's rose is in the house.*
10. multae puellārum sunt avārae. *Many of the girls are greedy.*
11. multī virōrum sunt magnī. *Many of the men are big.*

12. multae portārum sunt magnae. *Many of the gateways are large.*
13. multī poetārum sunt Rōmānī. *Many of the poets are Roman.*
14. amīcus Rōmānī est in casā. *The Roman's friend is in the house.*
15. amīcus virī mē vocat. *The man's friend is calling me.*
16. amīca filiae mē amat. *(My) daughter's friend loves me.*
17. amīcum filiī amō. *I love my son's friend.*
18. casam agricolae videō. *I see the farmer's house.*
19. casās fēminārum vidēmus. *We see the women's houses.*
20. dē sapientiā poetārum cōgitō. *I am thinking about the poets' wisdom.*
21. dē scholā puerōrum cōgitō. *I am thinking about the boys' school.*
22. stilum puerī habeo. *I have the boy's pencil.*
23. agrum agricolae videō. *I see the farmer's field.*
24. fōrmam puellae laudāmus. *We praise the girl's beauty.*
25. fortūnam poetārum vidēmus. *We see/understand the poets' fortune.*
26. ira fēminae est magna. *The woman's anger is great.*
27. iram fēminae vidēmus. *We see the woman's anger.*

Irregular Verbs

Learn for Wednesday

sum, esse, fui, futurum

sum	<i>I am</i>
es	<i>you are</i>
est	<i>he, she, it is</i>
sumus	<i>we are</i>
estis	<i>you are</i>
sunt	<i>they are</i>

eō, ire, ii, iturum (Can learn later)

eō	<i>I go</i>
is	<i>you go</i>
it	<i>he, she, it goes</i>
imus	<i>we go</i>
it is	<i>you go</i>
eunt	<i>they go</i>

ad = to/toward + accusative

Neuter second declension nouns

Study these and note where they are different from second declension masculine nouns.

	<i>singular</i>	<i>plural</i>
nom.	bāsi-um *	bāsi -a *
gen.	bāsi -ī	bāsi -orum
dat.	bāsi -o	bāsi -is
acc.	bāsi -um	bāsi -a *
abl.	bāsi -o	bāsi -is

First and second declension adjectives

We will do these in class on Wednesday

Endings only

	<i>masculine</i>	<i>feminine</i>	<i>neuter</i>
	<i>sing.</i>	<i>sing.</i>	<i>sing.</i>
nom.	-us	-a	-um
gen.	-ī	-ae	-ī
dat.	-ō	-ae	-ō
acc.	-um	-am	-um
abl.	-ō	-ā	-ō
	<i>pl.</i>	<i>pl.</i>	<i>pl.</i>
nom.	-ī	-ae	bona
gen.	-ōrum	-ārum	-ōrum
dat.	-īs	-īs	-īs
acc.	-ōs	-ās	-a
abl.	-īs	-īs	-īs

With bonus, -a, -um

	<i>masculine</i>	<i>feminine</i>	<i>neuter</i>
	<i>sing.</i>	<i>sing.</i>	<i>sing.</i>
nom.	bonus	bona	bonum
gen.	bonī	bonae	bonī
dat.	bonō	bonae	bonō
acc.	bonum	bonam	bonum

abl.	bonō	bonā	bonō
	pl.	pl.	pl.
nom.	bonī	bonae	bona
gen.	bonōrum	bonārum	bonōrum
dat.	bonīs	bonīs	bonīs
acc.	bonōs	bonās	bona
abl.	bonīs	bonīs	bonīs

Adjective Agreement

Class material for Wednesday.

Puella bona mē amat.

Puellae bonae mē amant.

Magister bonus mē iuvat.

Magistri boni mē iuvant.

Ōtium bonum mē satiat.

consilia bona mē satiant.

puellam amō. puellam bonam amō.

magistrum vocō. magistrum bonum vocō.

ōtium laudō. ōtium bonum laudō.

amicam puellae bonae amō.

exitium magistrī boni timeō.

vītam ōtīi boni amō.

(sine puellā meā) nōn valeō.

(sine magistrō bono) nōn valeō.

(sine ōtio bono) nōn valeō.

ōtium est bonum

ōtium nōn est bonum.

officium est bonum.

puella est bella.

puellae sunt bellae.

sumus bellae.

Chapter 4 reading p. 29.

(Part of homework for Friday; may have time in class Wednesday to start it.)

paucī virī vērōs amīcōs **habent**,
 et paucī **sunt** dignī.
 amīcitia vēra **est** praeclāra,
 et omnia praeclāra **sunt** rāra.
 multī virī stultī (dē pecūniā) semper **cōgitant**, paucī (dē amīcīs),
 sed **errant**:
 possumus **valēre** (sine multā pecūniā),
 sed (sine amīcitiā) **nōn valēmus**
 et vīta **est** nihil.

Sentence Menu

More complicated sentence menu; may do on Friday or Monday.

<i>subjects or direct objects: people</i>		<i>verbs</i>
puella, -ae f fēmina, -ae f magistra, -ae f amīca, -ae f filia, -ae f poeta, -ae m agricola, -ae m	amīcus, -ī m fīlius, -ī m vir, virī m populus, -ī m mē (d.o. only)	amō, -āre laudō, -āre vocō, -āre servō, -āre iuvō, -āre habeō, -ēre moneō, -ēre terreō, -ēre videō, -ēre
<i>things</i>	<i>prepositions</i>	<i>adjectives</i>
casa, -ae f fāma, -ae f fortūna, -ae f patria, -ae f sapientia, -ae f liber, librī m ager, agrī m ōtium, -īī n cōsīlium, -īī n bāsium, -īī n perīculum, -ī n nihil (no changes)	cum + abl. dē + abl. in + abl. sine + abl.	antīquus, -a, -um avārus, -a, -um bellus, -a, -um bonus, -a, -um humānus, -a, -um magnus, -a, -um malus, -a, -um multus, -a, -um parvus, -a, -um stultus, -a, -um vērū, -a, -um
	<i>adverbs</i> saepe semper nōn hōdie	