

**Latin 101**  
**Prid. II kal. Sept. (Aug. 31 2009)**

**Agenda:**

- Go over Homework
- Special Meaning or use in sentence?
- Second declension nouns nominative and accusative
- Prepositional phrases

**Special Meanings VS. Uses in Sentences**

**Nominative:**

**Endings**

<b>1<sup>st</sup> sing.</b>	<b>1<sup>st</sup> pl.</b>	<b>2<sup>nd</sup> sing.</b>	<b>2<sup>nd</sup> . pl.</b>
-a	-ae	-er/ -us	-ī
rosa	rosae	puer/amicus	pueri

**Special Meanings VS. Uses in Sentences**

**USE:** Shows that the word is the SUBJECT of the sentence or a word describing the subject.

- **puer** amicos vocat, *the boy calls his friends.*
- **amicus** pueros vocat, *the friend calls the boys.*
- **nautas** pueri vocant, *the boys call the sailors.*

**Genitive:**

**Endings**

<b>1<sup>st</sup> sing.</b>	<b>1<sup>st</sup> pl.</b>	<b>2<sup>nd</sup> sing.</b>	<b>2<sup>nd</sup> . pl.</b>
-ae	-arum	-i	-orum
rosae	rosarum	pueri	puerorum

**Special Meanings VS. Uses in Sentences**

**SPECIAL MEANING:** “OF” or “‘s” or “s””

- **amicus** pueri = *the boy's friend* or *the friend of the boy*
- **puerorum** ager = *the boys' field* or *the field of the boys*
- **filius** agricolae = *the son of the farmer* or *the farmer's son.*

### **Accusative:**

#### **Endings**

<b>1<sup>st</sup> sing.</b>	<b>1<sup>st</sup> pl.</b>	<b>2<sup>nd</sup> sing.</b>	<b>2<sup>nd</sup> . pl.</b>
-am	-as	-um	-os
rosam	rosas	puerum	pueros

### **Special Meanings VS. Uses in Sentences**

**USE:** shows that the word is the direct object or the object of a preposition.

- **pueri agricolas vocant**, the boys call the farmers.
- **agricolae famam poetarum laudant**, the farmers praise the fame of the poets.
- **pueri puellas amant**, the boys love the girls.

### **Dative:**

#### **Endings**

<b>1<sup>st</sup> sing.</b>	<b>1<sup>st</sup> pl.</b>	<b>2<sup>nd</sup> sing.</b>	<b>2<sup>nd</sup> . pl.</b>
-ae	-is	-o	-is
rosae	rosis	puero	pueris

### **Special Meanings VS. Uses in Sentences**

**BOTH:** USE: Indirect object USUALLY TRANSLATED “to” or “for”

- **puer puellae rosas dat**, the boy gives flowers to the girl (or, the boy gives the girl flowers)
- **nauta agricolis pecuniam dat**, the sailor gives money to the farmers (or, the sailor gives the farmers money)

### **Ablative:**

#### **Endings**

<b>1<sup>st</sup> sing.</b>	<b>1<sup>st</sup> pl.</b>	<b>2<sup>nd</sup> sing.</b>	<b>2<sup>nd</sup> . pl.</b>
-a	-is	-o	-is
rosa	rosis	puero	pueris

### **Special Meanings VS. Uses in Sentences**

**USE:** Object of prepositions

- **sine amicis errat**, he wanders without his friends.
- **de fama cogitat**, he thinks about fame.
- **in agro laborat**, he works in the field.

### **Prepositional Phrases**

**Prepositions are words that show relationships:** (in, near, about, from, under, over, with, without ...) (in, prope, de, ex, sub, super, cum, sine)

**Prepositions are always part of a prepositional phrase that also contains a noun they “govern”**

- about the girl **de puella**
- without my friend **sine amico**
- in the house **in casa**
- in the field **in agro**

**In Latin the case of the noun the preposition governs changes to show the relationship**

- The case it changes to will always be ablative or accusative
- Which one depends on the preposition

**Ablative:**

in, sine, sub, cum

1. filium nautae Romani in agris videmus.
2. pueri puellas hodie vocant.
3. sapientiam amicarum, O filia mea, semper laudat.
4. multi viri et feminaw philosophiam antiquam conservant.
5. si ira valet, O mi fili, seape erramus et poenas damus.
6. fortuna viros magnos amat.
7. agricola filiabus pecuniam dat.
  
8. Without a few friends life is not strong.

sine paucis amicis vita non valet.

pauci, paucae

9. Today you have much fame in your country.
10. We see great fortune in your daughters’ lives, my friend.
11. He always gives my daughters and sons roses.

Virum Romanum

Puer Romanus puerum Romanum

a lot of money

a lot of money satisfies me.

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nautae	masc. fem.	sing. pl.	nom. gen. acc. abl.
pueri	masc. fem.	sing. pl.	nom. gen. acc. abl.
sapientiam	masc. fem.	sing. pl.	nom. gen. acc. abl.
feminae	masc. fem.	sing. pl.	nom. gen. acc. abl.
ira	masc. fem.	sing. pl.	nom. gen. acc. abl.
viros	masc. fem.	sing. pl.	nom. gen. acc. abl.
pecuniam	masc. fem.	sing. pl.	nom. gen. acc. abl.

Amicus puellae nautam videt.

Nauta amicum puellae videt.