

Latin 101: a.d. XIV kal. Sept. (Aug. 19)

I. Syllabus

II. Pronunciation

(macron)

a:

- amō
- discipula
- porta
- magna
- amāre
- vocāre
- vītās

e

- cōservō
- videō
- discipule
- nomen
- salvē
- salvēte
- terrēre
- mē

i

- discipulus
- cōgitō
- quid
- nihil
- pecūnia
- vita
- vidi
- amāvi
- si

o

- labor
- porta

- rosa
- poeta
- nōn
- nōmen
- laudō
- dō

u

- sum
- magnus
- bonus
- oculus
- dūcō
- pecūnia
- fortūna

ae

- saepe
- puellae
- magistræ

r

- agricola
- pueri
- vocare
- erro

double letters

- errō
- puella

v

- voco
- videō
- salvē

Verbs

Stem: unique letter combination that conveys the meaning of the word.

Conjugation: “spelling group”, no separate meaning but tells you what letters to use before personal endings.

Personal endings: tell you who is doing the action.

laudant **laud-a-nt**

Stem (praise)

p.e. (“they”)

conjugation = vowel (only spelling)

laudō, laudāre, laudāvī, laudātum = to praise

amō, amāre, amāvī, amātum = to love

cōgitō, -āre, cōgitāvī, cōgitātum = to think, ponder

dō, dare, dedi, datum = to give

errō, errāre, errāvī, errātum = to wander, be wrong

debeō, debēre, debuī, debitum = to owe, ought

terreō, terrēre, terruī, territum = to terrify

videō, vidēre, vīdī, vīsum = to see

moneō, monēre, monuī, monitum

If you had to divide the verbs into 2 categories, how would you do it?

First conjugation

Second conjugation

-o = I

-s = you

-t = s/he, it

-mus = we

-tis = y'all

-nt = they

laboras

laborat

laboramus

amant
amamus
amatis
amat
amo
terreo
terres
terretis
terrent

ama!
amate!

terre!
terrete!