

# Example of Interaction (Vernoy, 1994)

- Stroop Effect (Stroop, 1935)

Word flashed on screen:

**BLUE**

Measure: How many milliseconds to correctly name the color of the ink?

This is a CONGRUENT trial: the word and the ink color are the same.

# Example of Interaction (Vernoy, 1994)

Word flashed on the screen:

**GREEN**

How many milliseconds to name the ink color?

This is a CONFLICTING trial: word and ink color are different.

# Example of Interaction (Vernoy, 1994)

Word flashed on the screen:

**GREEN**

How many milliseconds to name the ink color?

This is a CONFLICTING trial: word and ink color are different.

People take longer to correctly name on a CONFLICTING trial.

# Example of Interaction (Vernoy, 1994)

Congruent versus Conflicting caused delayed naming of the color

Vernoy (1994) added a second Factor:

Placement of the color name-

Over, On, or Under a color bar.

Name the color on the bar.

Example:

BLUE

BLUE





BLUE

Those were \_\_\_\_\_ trials.



RED

RED

RED





RED

Those were \_\_\_\_\_ trials.

# Test yourself

How many cells (conditions) are there in this

2 (congruent vs conflicting)

X

3 (Over vs On vs Under)

Design?

Run as a Within Subject or Repeated Measures study—

What does that mean?

# Predictions

Would congruent versus conflicting cause a significant difference in correct response time?

Would location cause a significant difference in response time?  
(Maybe a little more complicated...)

Let's try an example

# Examples

Ready?

Try to name the color on the bar as quickly as you can



BLUE



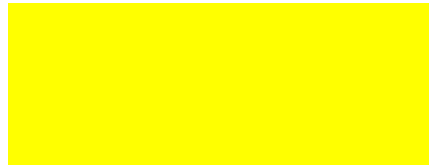


RED



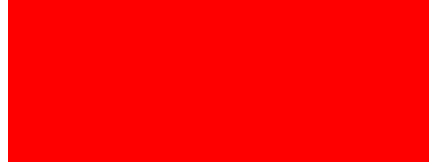
GREEN

RED

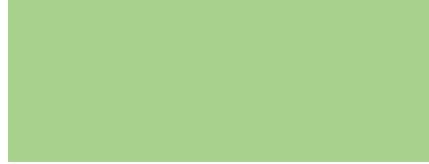


**YELLOW**

BLUE



YELLOW



GREEN



**GREEN**

RED



BLUE

# END

Vernoy then added reaction times for each cell and obtained means and standard deviations.

The Independent Variables (Factors) In This Study Were:

A. \_\_\_\_\_

B. \_\_\_\_\_

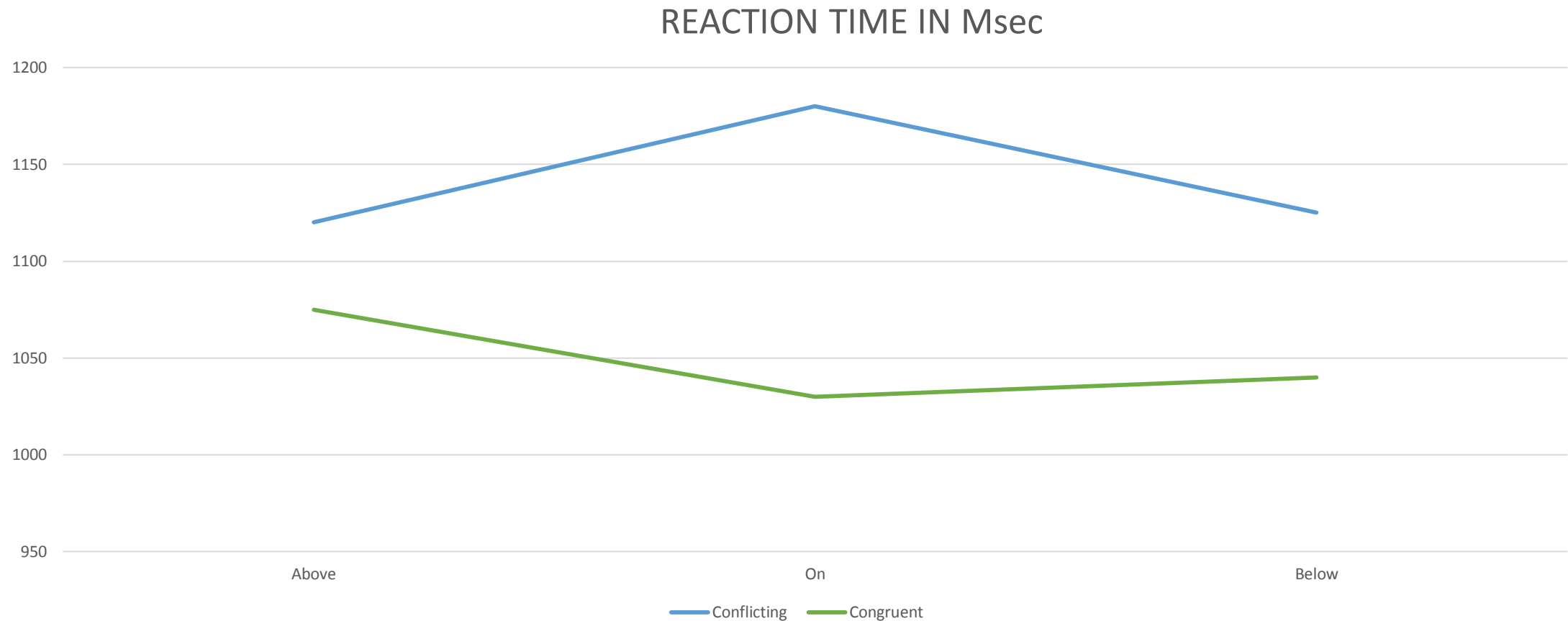
The Dependent Variable was:

\_\_\_\_\_

This design was a

\_\_\_\_\_ design

# 2 X 3 Factorial Design (Within Subjects)



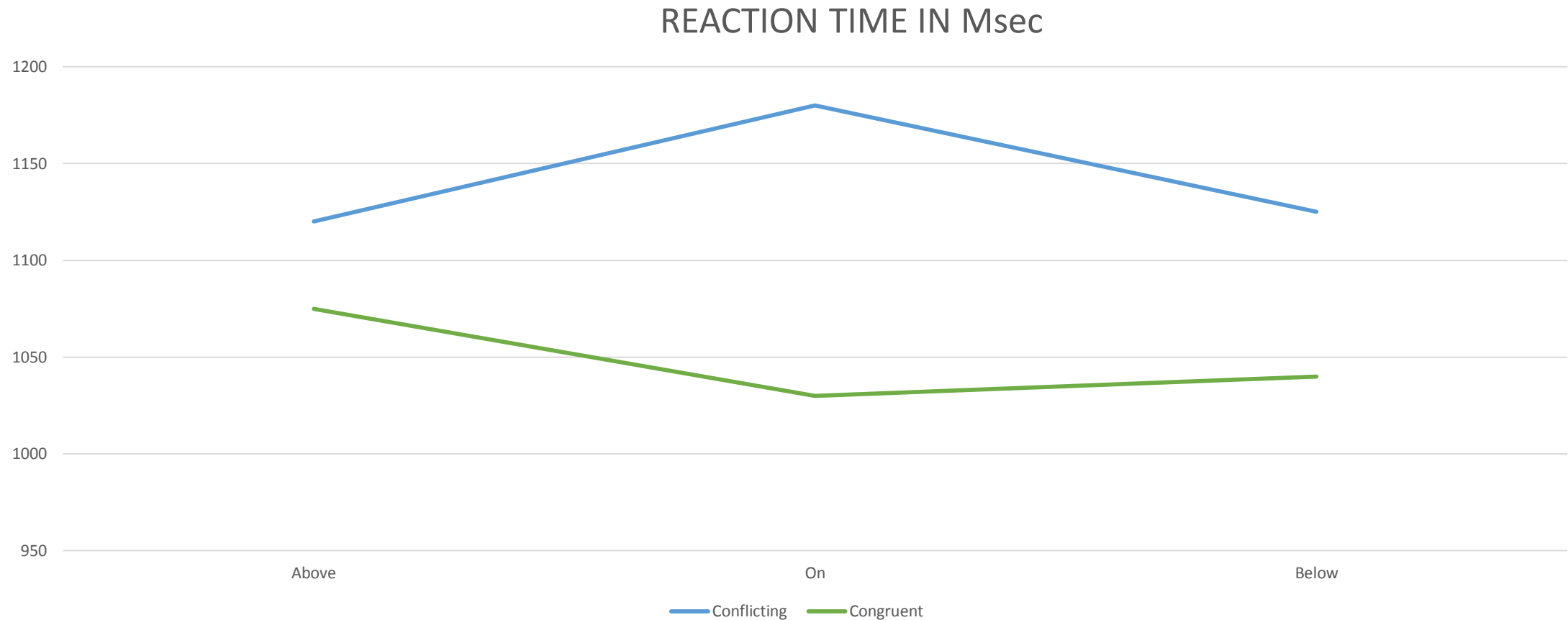
# TEST YOURSELF

What are the three F's that you would get from your Analysis of Variance?

Which one, or ones, look like they would likely be significant? Why?

# 3F's: 2 main effects + interaction

## What does the interaction mean?





# Discussion

How would you interpret

1. Significant difference congruent versus conflicting?
2. No significant difference in location (over, on or under)?
3. Significant interaction (Tukey shows difference for “on” location only)?