CAR\_SALE(Car#, Date\_sold, Salesperson#, Commission%, Discount\_amt) 15.30. Consider the following relation:

Salesperson#} is the primary key. Additional dependencies are Assume that a car may be sold by multiple salespeople, and hence {Car#,

Date\_sold → Discount\_amt and

Based on the given primary key, is this relation in 1MF, 2MF, or 3MF? Why or Salesperson# → Commission%

why not? How would you successively normalize it completely?

BOOK (Book\_title, Author\_name, Book\_type, List\_price, Author\_affil, 15.31. Consider the following relation for published books:

dencies exist: Author\_affil refers to the affiliation of author. Suppose the following depen-

Book\_type → List\_price Book\_title → Publisher, Book\_type

Author\_name → Author\_affil

a. What normal form is the relation in? Explain your answer.

State the reasons behind each decomposition. b. Apply normalization until you cannot decompose the relations further.

15.32. This exercise asks you to convert business statements into dependencies.

by CompUSA. and model number A2235X, released in batch 765234; it is 500GB and sold specifies that WesternDigital made a disk drive with serial number 1978619 Disk\_drive ('1978619', 'WesternDigital', 'A2235X', '765234', 500, 'CompUSA') tain storage capacity and is sold by a certain retailer. For example, the tuple with a particular model number, released in a certain batch, which has a certion about a disk drive with a unique Serial\_number, made by a manufacturer, Capacity, Retailer). Each tuple in the relation DISK\_DRIVE contains informa-Consider the relation DISK\_DRIVE (Serial\_number, Manufacturer, Model, Batch,

Write each of the following dependencies as an FD:

a. The manufacturer and serial number uniquely identifies the drive.

used by another manufacturer. b. A model number is registered by a manufacturer and therefore can't be

c. All disk drives in a particular batch are the same model.

d. All disk drives of a certain model of a particular manufacturer have

exactly the same capacity.

R (Doctor#, Patient#, Date, Diagnosis, Treat\_code, Charge) 15.33. Consider the following relation:

tion to 3NF is necessary, and if so, perform it. answer and decompose if necessary. Then argue whether further normalizaa fixed charge (regardless of patient). Is this relation in 2NF? Justify your (uniquely) for each patient by a doctor. Assume that each treatment code has with a treatment code and daily charge. Assume that diagnosis is determined In the above relation, a tuple describes a visit of a patient to a doctor along

15.34. Consider the following relation:

CAR\_SALE (Car\_id, Option\_type, Option\_listprice, Sale\_date,

Option\_discountedprice)

sold at a dealership, and the list and discounted prices of the options. This relation refers to options installed in cars (e.g., cruise control) that were

Option\_type -> Option\_discountedprice, argue using the generalized defini-If CarlD  $\rightarrow$  Sale\_date and Option\_type  $\rightarrow$  Option\_listprice and CarlD,

tion of the 3NF that this relation is not in 3NF. Then argue from your knowl-

edge of 2NF, why it is not even in 2NF.

15.35. Consider the relation:

BOOK (Book\_Name, Author, Edition, Year)

with the data:

Navathe DB\_fundamentals Elmasri DB\_fundamentals DB\_fundamentals Elmasn Mayathe DB\_fundamentals ₹007 Book\_Name Copyright\_Year neinb3

possible candidato keys of this relations a. Based on a common-sense understanding of the above data, what are the

c. What would be the decomposition of this relation based on the above b. Justify that this relation has the MVD  $\{ Book \} \rightarrow \{ Author \} | \{ Edition, Year \}$ .

MVO? Evaluate each resulting relation for the highest normal form it

TRIP (Trip id, Start\_date, Cities\_visited, Cards\_used) 15.36. Consider the following relation:

use multiple credit cards on the trip. Make up a mock-up population of the the TRIP has a single Stan\_date, but involves many Oitige and salespeople may This relation refers to business trips made by company salespeople. Suppose

a. Discuss what FDs and/or MVDs exist in this relation.

b. Show how you will go about normalizing it.