

MATH 261 EXAM 4, Spring 2004

Simplify all answers. Show your work!		Name:	Score	
1.	a) Let $f(x, y) = \ln(5x - 4y)$. Compute ∇f .	b) Let $f(x, y, z) = xe^{yz^2}$. Compute ∇f .	1	
			2	
			3	
			4	
			5	
			6	
Ans:_____.		Ans:_____.		
2.	Compute $\int_C x ds$, where C is the curve given by: $x = t, y = t^2, 0 \leq t \leq 1$	7		
		8		
		9		
		10		
		Tot		
Ans:_____.		Ans:_____.		
3.	Find f such that $\mathbf{F} = \nabla f$	b) $\mathbf{F} = (2xy^3z^4)\mathbf{i} + (3x^2y^2z^4)\mathbf{j} + (4x^2y^3z^3)\mathbf{k}$		
	a) $\mathbf{F} = (e^{3y} + 10x)\mathbf{i} + (1 + 3xe^{3y})\mathbf{j}$			
Ans:_____.		Ans:_____.		
4.	Find $\int_C 3x^2 \sin 2y dx + (2x^3 \cos 2y + 3y^2) dy$, along the straight line joining $(0, 1)$ and $(1, \pi/2)$			
		Ans:_____.		
5.	Find $\oint_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$, where: $\mathbf{F} = (x^3 - y^3)\mathbf{i} + (x^3 + y^3)\mathbf{j}$ and C is the boundary of the annulus $1 \leq x^2 + y^2 \leq 16$			
		Ans:_____.		
Extra Space				

Part II.	Name:
6.	<p>Let $\mathbf{F} = 3x^2\mathbf{i} + (e^y \cos z)\mathbf{j} - (e^y \sin z)\mathbf{k}$. Compute</p> <p>a) $\nabla \times \mathbf{F}$ b) $\nabla \cdot \mathbf{F}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Ans:_____.</p>
7.	<p>Find $\iint dS$, where S is the part of the surface $z = xy$ bounded by the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 4$.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Ans:_____.</p>
8.	<p>Identify the surfaces:</p> <p>a) $\mathbf{r}(u, v) = (u + v)\mathbf{i} + (3u - 5v)\mathbf{j} + (u + 2v)\mathbf{k}$ b) $\mathbf{r}(u, v) = (u \cos v)\mathbf{i} + (u \sin v)\mathbf{j} + u\mathbf{k}$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Ans:_____.</p>
9.	<p>Find $\iint_S \nabla \times \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{S}$, where $\mathbf{F} = (x + 3y)\mathbf{i} + (4x - z)\mathbf{j} + (3y^2z)\mathbf{k}$ and S is the part of the sphere $z = \sqrt{25 - x^2 - y^2}$, bounded by the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 9$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Ans:_____.</p>
10.	<p>Find $\iint_S \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{S}$, where $\mathbf{F} = (x^3)\mathbf{i} + (3yz^2)\mathbf{j} + (3y^2z)\mathbf{k}$ and S is the surface of the solid bounded by $z = 4 - x^2 - y^2$ and $z = 0$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Ans:_____.</p>
	<p>Extra space</p>