

Show all work. 5 points each.

1. Let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ -6 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $\mathbf{b} = \begin{bmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \end{bmatrix}$ . Show that  $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$  does not have a solution for all  $\mathbf{b}$  and describe the set of all  $\mathbf{b}$  for which the matrix equation does have a solution.

2. Given  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -9 & 6 \\ -1 & 3 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$  describe all solutions of  $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{0}$  in parametric form.