

Island Ecology for Educators: Using Coastal Resources to Engage Students

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Agenda

- Introduction
- Fact or Fiction
- Overview of Course
- Web-Based Resources
- Station Rotation - Hands-on Activities
- Conclusion
- Door Prizes


Introduction

- Carolina Beach State Park
- This park south of Wilmington offers amazing biodiversity and access to the Intracoastal Waterway.
- <http://video.unctv.org/video/2365109750/>



Summary

- Through coastal ecosystems engagement with field based explorations of plants, animals and environmental issues, readily accessible, web-based resources and lesson plans were designed.
- The Island Ecology for Educators presentation highlights the critical juncture of science content and pedagogical resource integration.

The background features a vertical gradient from light yellow at the top to light green at the bottom. Scattered throughout are numerous butterfly silhouettes in various shades of green and yellow, some appearing as if they are flying.

Fact or Fiction?

Fact or Fiction?

The average size of a Venus Fly Trap is 10 inches wide and 3 feet tall.



Fiction!



Venus Fly Traps reach a maximum size of about 5 inches in diameter!

A single leaf trap may be a bit larger than 1 inch in length.

A plant usually has 4-8 traps on it at any time.

Fact or Fiction?

Beach renourishment helps prevent erosion from different natural causes.



Fact!



Beach renourishment is the transportation of sand to the coast of North Carolina to help prevent and reverse erosion.

Erosion caused by changing tides and hurricanes on the beaches.

Fact or Fiction?

The Coquina Outcrops is the only rocky coast in North Carolina.



Fact!



- Coquina Outcrops are made out of shells and calcium carbonates which form a limestone material.
- It can be found near the coast of Fort Fisher during low tide when the tide pools and rocks are visible to those on the coast.
- The Coquina Outcrop extends into the ocean and acts as a jetty which changes the shape of other islands such as Kure Beach.

Fact or Fiction?

Pocosins are wetlands because they are generally lower than their surroundings.



Fiction!



Pocosins are actually unusual wetlands because they are generally higher than their surroundings.

Pine savannas can be found in the pocosins as well as Venus Fly Traps.

Fact or Fiction?

The Painting Bunting Bird can only be found on the coast of North Carolina during migration.



Fiction!



The painted bunting bird can only be found on coastal North Carolina during its breeding season.

Fact or Fiction?

The Cape Fear River is about 151 miles long and its source begins Fayetteville NC.



Fiction!



The Cape Fear river is 202 miles long.

The drainage basin of the Cape Fear river is about 9,140 square miles.

The source of the river originates in Greensboro NC.

Rationale

- The Island Ecology for Educators course is five weeks in duration and is offered in the first summer session at a local state park (Carolina Beach State Park).
- The intention of the class is to pair content area (EVS, Bio, Chem) students with student teacher candidates (Elem, MG, Sec) lacking content area exposure for the purpose of developing
 - a) content rich and engaging online lesson plans and
 - b) web-based resources to be used by teachers and children in schools.



Rationale

Partnerships with Experts

- Through student interactions and exposure to content area experts (i.e. Park Rangers, College of Arts and Sciences faculty, DENR instructors, Riverkeeper, Marine Quest at the Center for Marine Science), students are guided in their development of readily accessible, web-based materials via presentations, site visits, park walks, barrier island exploration, and field based activities,

Relevancy

- This class paired science content understanding with pedagogical resource development, making this course relevant for both education and environmental studies students.

Watson

College of Education



Syllabus

- On the Monday beginning each of the five weeks, the instructors directly address an ecological topic of interest.
 - Ecosystems - Orientation to coastal and barrier island ecology.
 - Terrestrial Fauna - Explore and investigate the biological and ecological impacts of local terrestrial fauna (such as salamanders, white tailed deer, fox, snakes, insects, alligators, etc.).
 - Terrestrial Flora - Explore and investigate the biological and ecological impacts of local terrestrial and aquatic flora (such as long leaf pine, Venus fly traps, pitcher plants, live oaks, etc.)
 - Aquatic Flora and Fauna - Explore and investigate the biological and ecological impacts of local aquatic flora and fauna (such as blue crab, periwinkle, mullet, skates, sea turtles, seaweed, and coastal grasses, etc.)
 - History and Culture of Barrier Islands - Investigate the history of Fort Fisher/Carolina Beach and other barrier islands and impacts on environmental science.



Schedule

Students are out in the field much of each week collecting information and researching their topic of interest.

- Monday – Ecosystems Hike, Sugar Loaf Hike (Carolina Beach SP)
 - Carolina Beach State Park Ranger
- Tuesday – Historical Hike, Hermit Compound (Fort Fisher Estuary)
 - Fort Fisher State Park Ranger
- Wednesday – Birds/Herps Workshop (CBSP)
 - Mike Campbell (Coastal Outreach Educator/NC Wildlife) - (<http://www.ncwildlife.org/Learning.aspx>)
- Thursday – Open Workday for Students at State Park



Experts

- Students will collaborate with guest speakers and their class peers during the week.
 - Chris Helms, Carolina Beach State Park Superintendent
 - Jeff Owen, Fort Fisher SRA Park Superintendent
 - Roger Shew, UNCW Lecturer of Geology
 - Dr. Jack Hall, UNCW EVS Department Chair and Professor
 - Dr. John Taggart, UNCW Associate Professor of Environmental Studies
 - Matt Collogan, Education Coordinator at Airlie Gardens
 - Megan Ennis, Outreach Educator, NC Aquarium at Fort Fisher
 - Kay Lynn Plummer-Hernandez, Education Specialist, Cape Fear River Watch
 - Rebecca Taylor, Federal Point History Museum



Web-Based Products

- Students were tasked with developing a web-based resource that can be used in a K-12 setting that reflects the investigation of a local environmental and/or ecological impact on the island setting.
- All products were revised and posted to the web.
- Using web based templates designed by the instructors, students utilize technology (FLIP cameras to generate video and digital cameras and smartphones to generate digital images) to study and document each week's assigned topic.



Web-Based Products

Each week for the prior two years, students have:

- Researched and recorded biological and ecological aspects of a topic via websites exploration, simulations, taking photographs, and video recording.
- Created a science lesson plan to accompany their topic using the inquiry-based five E lesson plan format (Engage, Explore, Experiment, Explain, and Evaluate).
- Developed and integrated web pages using a common platform template.
- Collaborate with informal science experts to produce an engaging learning opportunity to be utilized by the public.

We are interested in your feedback as we design the platform for dissemination.

Examples

- Venus Fly Trap
 - <https://sites.google.com/site/islandecology2011/venus-fly-trap>
- Gray Fox
- Spanish Moss
- Cape Fear Coquina

Graduate Student Work Product

- Title: Island Ecology For Educators Final Project- History of the Ethyl-Dow
- Summary: Historical, cultural, and environmental impacts of the Ethyl-Dow Plant which operated in Kure Beach, NC from 1934-1945 and pioneered the extraction of Bromine from seawater.
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RH2ku1Jis_o

Island Ecology Stations

Island Ecology Explorations!

- Osmoregulation Station
- Bio Magnification Station
- Turtle Talk Station – “Cool Dudes and Hot Chicks”
- Invasive Species Station
- Coastal Management Station

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