# Performance and Cost Data

RESIDENTIAL REFUSE COLLECTION

# PERFORMANCE MEASURES FOR RESIDENTIAL REFUSE COLLECTION

#### SERVICE DEFINITION

This is regularly scheduled collection of household refuse or "garbage" from residential premises and other locations, including small businesses, using containers small enough that residents and/or workers can move or lift them manually. The service excludes collection of waste from dumpsters; regular or special collection of yard waste and leaves; collection of recyclable materials, white goods, or other bulky items; and any special or non-routine service provided to residences. Transportation of refuse to a landfill or a transfer station is included, but the disposal of refuse and tipping costs are excluded.

#### NOTES ON PERFORMANCE MEASURES

# 1. Tons of (Residential) Refuse Collected per 1,000 Population and per 1,000 (Residential) Collection Points

"Tons of refuse collected" is widely used as a measure of workload for this service. A collection point or pickup point is a single locale (active address) from which residential refuse is collected; it can be a single-family residence, a condominium, an apartment, or a small business that uses containers that residents or sanitation workers can move or lift. Pickup points directly generate collection work, so this measure provides a good assessment of workload. "Tons of refuse collected per 1,000 population" and "per 1,000 collection points" also serve as measures of need for this service. Because of citizen expectations and public health requirements, sanitation crews or contractors must pick up all or virtually all household refuse that residents put out for collection.

# 2. Cost per Ton of Residential Refuse Collected and per Residential Collection Point

These are the project's principal measures of efficiency for this service. Because of differences in numbers of people per household and the percentage of the municipal population served by curbside collection, the comparisons for these two efficiency measures can vary.

#### 3. Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) Positions

The number of full-time equivalent (FTE) positions for residential refuse collection is the number of employees directly involved in providing the service as approved in the annual operating budget during the fiscal year. This number includes both full-time and part-time workers and both permanent and temporary workers. One FTE equates to 2,080 hours of work per year. Any combination of employees providing 2,080 hours of work annually equals one FTE. Cost data reflect all such workers. The measure "tons collected per collection FTE," however, includes only those workers who actually collect refuse and not supervisory or support personnel.

#### 4. Number of Complaints and Number of Valid Complaints

All of the participating units take calls about residential refuse collection, and nearly all maintain records of one kind or another about such calls. However, the municipalities follow very different procedures in processing and recording these calls and determining which ones are complaints and which are not. For these reasons, the project is able to present limited comparative data about complaints or valid complaints for residential refuse collection or other solid waste services. Nonetheless, the project recommends that the participating municipalities devise common criteria for identifying complaints and procedures for processing and recording calls.



#### Summary of Key Dimensions of Service

	Normal		_		Percentage	Crew Size	FTE	Main E	quipment	Landfil	I/Transfer
City or Town	Collection Location	Collection Points	Tons Collected	Weekly Routes	Contracted Service	(most commonly used)	Collection Positions	Packers	Automated	Trips per Day	Distance
Asheville	Curbside	29,150	24,215	33	0%	1 & 3 person	15.5	2	7	2	6 Miles
Burlington	Curbside	16,216	14,093	27	0%	1 & 2 person	8.5	1	5	2	17 Miles
Cary	Curbside	42,719	30,356	48	0%	1 & 4 person	26	2	10	1	20 Miles
Charlotte	Curbside	209,005	190,149	310	22%	1 & 2 person	63	9	42	1.4	14 Miles
Concord	Curbside	27,374	25,791	38	100%	2 person	0	9	0	2	8 Miles
Durham	Curbside	67,500	45,719	74	0%	1 & 3 person	57	6	15	2	11 Miles
Greensboro	Curbside	76,764	55,898	86	0%	1 & 2 person	26.17	3	18	1.75	8 Miles
Greenville	Curbside and Backyard	17,431	29,163	32	0%	3 person	36	8	0	2	6 Miles
Hickory	Curbside	11,600	9,730	15	0%	1 & 2 person	5	1	4	2	5 Miles
High Point	Curbside	35,332	30,587	38	0%	1 & 3 person	35	1	8	2	8 Miles
Salisbury	Curbside	11,300	9,609	15	0%	1 & 2 person	9.5	6	0	1	9 Miles
Wilmington	Curbside	28,453	24,505	44	0%	2 & 3 person	38	15	0	2	10 Miles
Wilson	Curbside	17,900	19,253	17	0%	1 & 3 person	11	2	5	2	10 Miles
Winston- Salem	Curbside and Backyard	73,500	50,608	128	0%	3 person	100.8	29	3	1	10 Miles

#### NOTES

All of the municipalities currently collect residential refuse once per week.

All of the municipalities have special provisions for collecting from the back or side yards of individuals with disabilities or mobility restrictions.

#### **EXPLANATORY FACTORS**

These are factors that the project found to affect residential refuse collection performance and cost in one or more of the municipalities:

Backyard or curbside collection

Routing

Climate

Topographic conditions

Population density

Size of crews

Type of equipment used (automated)

Privatization

Participation in recycling program

Economies of scale

Distance to landfill/transfer station

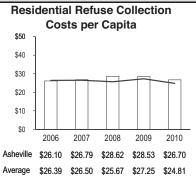
Fee policies (volume-based or other)

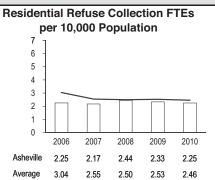
Key: Asheville

Benchmarking Average -

Fiscal Years 2006 through 2010

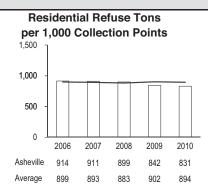
#### **RESOURCE Measures**



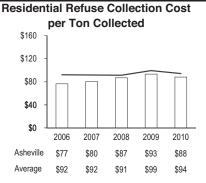


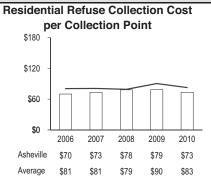
#### **WORKLOAD Measures**

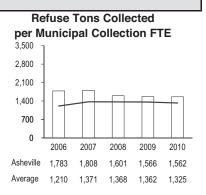
**Residential Refuse Tons** per 1,000 Population Asheville Average 

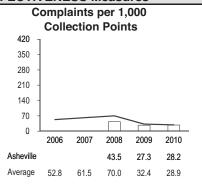


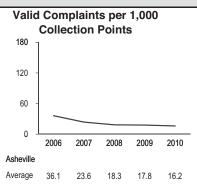
#### **EFFICIENCY Measures**











## **Asheville**

## **Residential Refuse Collection** Fiscal Year 2009–10

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automat

#### ANATORY INFORMATION

ial refuse once a week at curbside, although vided for disabled customers at no charge or

nated trucks with one driver from Monday to r days. Two rear packers with one driver and ck are used from Monday to Friday for the elean-ups, and streets not accessible by

in collection routes served by the automated ch day. The average number of trips to the day per route. Nearly all trash goes to the ng to the landfill. The average distance to the

tons of residential refuse during FY 2009-10, he cost per ton does not include the disposal andfill or \$47 at the transfer station.

nated service are provided with one the containers are ninety-five-gallon use containers of sixty-five-gallon or thirtylents may rent more containers if desired. pading service provide their own containers. six containers or bags.

#### rvice. Performance, and Costs

ted in the area of residential refuse collection.

## **Burlington**

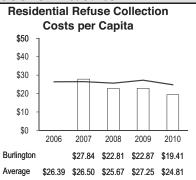
## **Residential Refuse Collection**

Key: Burlington

Benchmarking Average -

Fiscal Years 2006 through 2010

#### **RESOURCE Measures**



#### **Residential Refuse Collection FTEs** per 10,000 Population 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 2008 2009 2010

2007

2.10

2.55

2.03

2.50

1.87

2.53

1.81

2.46

2006

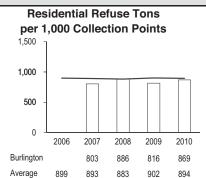
3.04

Burlington

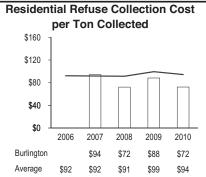
Average

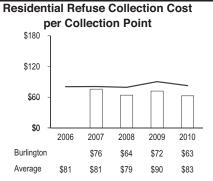
#### **WORKLOAD Measures**

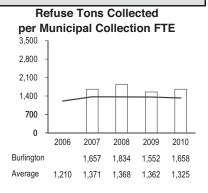
**Residential Refuse Tons** per 1,000 Population 500 400 300 200 100 0 2008 2010 2006 2007 2009 Burlington 295 269 316 259 Average 294 287 276 270 296

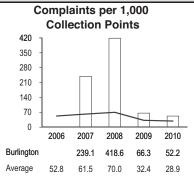


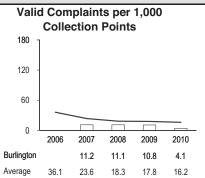
#### **EFFICIENCY Measures**











#### Fiscal Year 2009-10

## **Burlington**

MUNICIPAL PROFILE					
Population (OSBM 2009)	52,457				
Land Area (Square Miles)	25.14				
Persons per Square Mile	2,087				
Topography	Flat; gently rolling				
County	Alamance				
Climate	Temperate; little snow and ice				
Median Family Income (US Census 2000)	\$45,441				
FULL COST PROFILE Cost Breakdown by Percentage Personal Services Operating Costs Capital Costs TOTAL	35.8% 39.4% 24.8% 100.0%				
Cost Breakdown in Dollars Personal Services Operating Costs Capital Costs TOTAL	\$ 364,255 \$ 401,202 \$ 252,579 \$ 1,018,036				
SERVICE PROFILE FTE Positions—Collection	8.50				
FTE Positions—Other	1.00				
Tons Collected	14,093				
Residential Customers (number represents collection po	16,216				
Collection Location (backyard for disabled)	Curbside				
Collection Frequency	1 x week				
Size of Crews (most commonly use	d) 1 person				
Percentage of Service Contracted	0%				
Service Fee (monthly)	\$6.00				
Type of Equipment	5 automated packers 1 packer				

#### **EXPLANATORY INFORMATION**

#### **Service Level and Delivery**

Burlington collects residential refuse once a week at curbside, although backyard collection is provided if it is medically necessary.

The city uses five automated trucks with one driver four days a week. One rear packer with a two-person crew works downtown five days per week. The average number of trips to the transfer station is two per day per route. The average distance to the landfill is seventeen miles.

The city collected 14,093 tons of residential refuse during FY 2009–10 at a cost of \$72 per ton. The cost per ton does not include the disposal cost per ton of \$38 at the landfill.

Residents receiving automated service are provided with one container. Residents pay a monthly fee of \$6.00 for refuse collection.

#### **Conditions Affecting Service, Performance, and Costs**

Complaints for Burlington include calls for service, inquiries, and regular complaints. Complaints are considered valid if verified by a supervisor in the field.

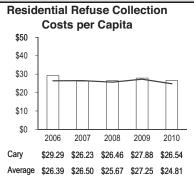
The City of Burlington began participation in the benchmarking project in 2007 with its first reporting data for FY 2006–07.

Key: Cary

Benchmarking Average -

Fiscal Years 2006 through 2010

#### **RESOURCE Measures**



# Residential Refuse Collection FTEs per 10,000 Population 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0

2007

2.29

2.55

2008

2.19

2.50

2009

1.98

2.53

2010

1.90

2.46

2006

4.92

3.04

Cary

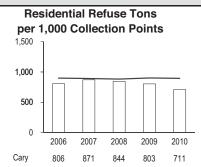
Average

Average

899

#### **WORKLOAD Measures**

**Residential Refuse Tons** per 1,000 Population 400 300 200 100 0 2010 2006 2007 2008 2009 Carv 246 260 206 245 225 287 276 270 296 294



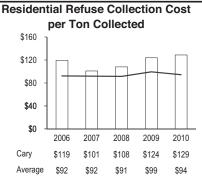
893

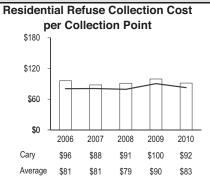
883

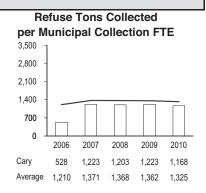
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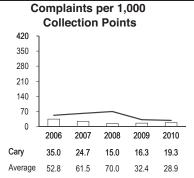
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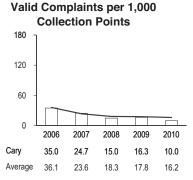
#### **EFFICIENCY Measures**











## **Residential Refuse Collection** Fiscal Year 2009-10

# Cary

Service Fee (monthly)

Type of Equipment

MUNICIPAL PR	OFIL F	!	EXPLANATOR		
	OFILE		EXPLANATOR		
Population (OSBM 2009)		147,282	Comics Lavel and Balliness		
Land Area (Square Miles)		54.01	Service Level and Delivery Cary residential refuse collection be 06 moving from backyard collection		
Persons per Square Mile		2,727	automation by the start of FY 2006- \$14.00 per month, covering both so		
Topography	Fla	t; gently rolling	Cary used ten automated trucks with one driver and three collectors		
County		Wake	routes were used during FY 2009– landfill was twenty miles with each		
Climate	Т	emperate; little snow and ice	The town collected 310,356 tons of 10 at a cost of \$129 per ton. The co		
Median Family Income (US Census 2000)		\$88,074	disposal cost of \$32, representing county landfill tipping fee. Reside receptacle.		
FULL COST PR	OFILE	:	Conditions Affecting Service, Pe		
Cost Breakdown by Percentage	0				
Personal Services		52.6%			
Operating Costs		32.8%			
Capital Costs		14.5%			
TOTAL		100.0%			
Cost Breakdown in Dollars					
Personal Services	\$	2,057,987			
Operating Costs	\$	1,283,587			
Capital Costs	\$	567,810			
TOTAL	\$	3,909,384			
SERVICE PRO	FILE				
FTE Positions—Collection		26.0			
FTE Positions—Other		2.0			
Tons Collected		30,356			
Residential Customers		42,719			
(number represents collection po Collection Location (backward for disabled)	oints)	Curbside			
(backyard for disabled) Collection Frequency		1 x week			
Size of Crews (most commonly use	ed)	1 & 4 person			
Percentage of Service Contracted		0%			

\$14.00

2 packers

10 automated packers

#### RY INFORMATION

egan major changes during FY 2005n to curbside and a transition to 6-07. The town charges a fee of solid waste and recycling services.

rith one driver and three rear loaders s. A total of forty-eight collection -10. The average distance to the route averaging one trip per day.

of residential refuse during FY 2009cost per ton does not include the the transfer station cost and the its use one ninety-five-gallon

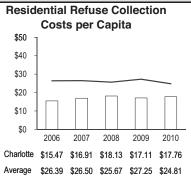
#### erformance, and Costs

Key: Charlotte

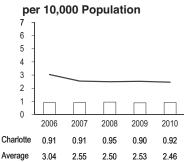
Benchmarking Average -

Fiscal Years 2006 through 2010

#### **RESOURCE Measures**



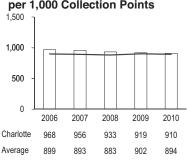
#### **Residential Refuse Collection FTEs** per 10,000 Population



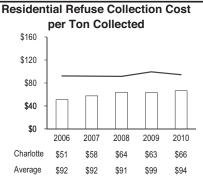
#### **WORKLOAD Measures**

**Residential Refuse Tons** per 1,000 Population 400 300 200 100 0 2010 2006 2007 2008 2009 Charlotte 285 271 267 304 294 Average 287 276 270 296 294

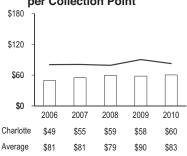
**Residential Refuse Tons** per 1,000 Collection Points



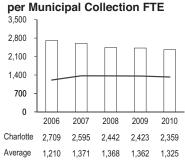
#### **EFFICIENCY Measures**



**Residential Refuse Collection Cost** per Collection Point

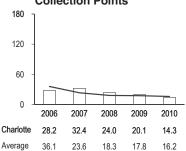


**Refuse Tons Collected** 



Complaints per 1,000 **Collection Points** 420 350 280 210 140 70 0 2007 2008 2010 2006 2009 Charlotte 32.4 24.0 20.1 14.3 Average 52.8 61.5 70.0 32.4 28.9

Valid Complaints per 1,000 Collection Points



## **Residential Refuse Collection** Fiscal Year 2009-10

## Charlotte

Climate

1110111011 712 1 1101 122				
Population (OSBM 2009)	711,349			
Land Area (Square Miles)	298.97	Service Level and Delivery Charlotte collects residential refuse once a wee service is available only to those persons with v		
Persons per Square Mile	2,379	physician certification. The city did not charge a collection during FY 2009–10.		
Topography	Flat; gently rolling	The city's residential refuse collection program i service zones, and the residential refuse service		
County	Mecklenburg	is subject to bid once every five years. The Solid		

Mild: some ice

Median Family Income \$56.517 (US Census 2000)

MUNICIPAL PROFILE

#### **FULL COST PROFILE**

Cost Breakdown by Percentage	
Personal Services	26.7%
Operating Costs	60.1%
Capital Costs	13.2%
TOTAL	100.0%
Cost Breakdown in Dollars	
Personal Services	\$ 3,378,667
Operating Costs	\$ 7,590,720
Capital Costs	\$ 1,667,187
TOTAL	\$ 12,636,574

#### CEDVICE DDOEILE

SERVICE PROFILE						
FTE Positions—Collection	63.00					
FTE Positions—Other	2.35					
Tons Collected	190,149					
Residential Customers (number represents collection p	209,005 points)					
Collection Location (backyard for disabled)	Curbside					
Collection Frequency	1 x week					
Size of Crews (most commonly us	sed) 1 & 2 person					
Percentage of Service Contracted	22%					
Service Fee	No					
Type of Equipment	42 automated packers					

9 packers

#### **EXPLANATORY INFORMATION**

ek at curbside. Backyard valid medical reasons and a fee for residential refuse

is divided into four ce provided to each zone lid Waste Services Department bids along with private contractors to be the service provider under a managed competition process. This practice is a unique aspect of Charlotte's residential refuse service among the participating municipalities. For FY 2009-10, the city provided service to three of the four zones. One zone was serviced by the private sector at a cost of \$2,725,039 and covered approximately 22 percent of the collection points.

City crews are composed primarily of one driver each, operating an automated packer. There were forty-two of these crews for FY 2009-10. In addition, five crews composed of one driver and one laborer collected refuse using semi-automated packers. These crews are used primarily for backyard service for those citizens with disabilities and some multi-family complexes with less than thirty units. Small business garbage is collected by four crews, composed of one driver and one laborer, using rear loaders. Costs include reserve crews that were used as needed throughout the year. The contractor used eleven automated crews.

The city serviced 310 daily collection routes once each week during FY 2009–10, with an average of 1.4 trips to the landfill per day per route at an average one-way distance of fourteen miles. Each single-family residence is provided one ninety-six-gallon rollout container. An additional receptacle may be purchased for a nominal one-time fee. Charlotte collected 190.149 tons of residential refuse during the fiscal vear at a cost of \$66 per ton. The cost per ton does not include the disposal cost of \$26, representing the landfill tipping fee.

#### Conditions Affecting Service, Performance, and Costs

Charlotte is highly automated in the area of residential refuse collection. It also uses managed competition for this service and considers all complaints to be valid complaints.

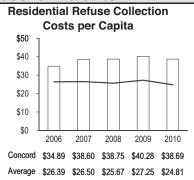
The performance measure "tons collected per collection FTE" represents city crews only.

Key: Concord

Benchmarking Average -

Fiscal Years 2006 through 2010

#### **RESOURCE Measures**



# Residential Refuse Collection FTEs per 10,000 Population 7 6 5 4 3 2

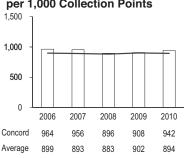
0 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 Concord 0.15 0.28 0.23 0.14 Average 3.04 2.55 2.50 2.53 2.46

1

#### **WORKLOAD Measures**

**Residential Refuse Tons** per 1,000 Population 400 300 200 100 0 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 Concord 351 355 317 336 308 Average 296 287 276 294





#### **EFFICIENCY Measures**

**Residential Refuse Collection Cost** per Ton Collected \$160 \$120 \$80 \$40 \$0 2007 2008 2009 2010 Concord \$99 \$109 \$115 \$131 \$122

\$92

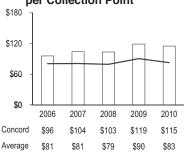
Complaints per 1,000

\$91

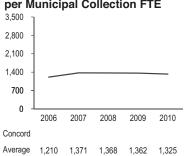
\$99

\$94

## Residential Refuse Collection Cost per Collection Point



Refuse Tons Collected per Municipal Collection FTE



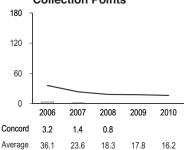
#### **EFFECTIVENESS Measures**

\$92

Average

**Collection Points** 420 350 280 210 140 70 0 2007 2008 2009 2010 2006 Concord 42.2 39.6 42.9 33.4 15.9 Average 52.8 70.0 32.4 28.9 61.5

Valid Complaints per 1,000 Collection Points



## Concord

#### Fiscal Year 2009-10

MUNICIPAL PROFILE					
Population (OSBM 2009)	81,370				
Land Area (Square Miles)	59.59				
Persons per Square Mile	1,365				
Topography	Flat; gently rolling				
County	Cabarrus				
Climate	Mild; some ice				
Median Family Income (US Census 2000)	\$53,571				

#### **FULL COST PROFILE**

Cost Breakdown by Percentage	
Personal Services	2.2%
Operating Costs	97.6%
Capital Costs	 0.2%
TOTAL	100.0%
Cost Breakdown in Dollars	
Personal Services	\$ 69,352
Operating Costs	\$ 3,072,901
Capital Costs	\$ 6,354
TOTAL	\$ 3,148,607

#### **SERVICE PROFILE**

SERVICE PROFILE	
FTE Positions—Collection	0.0
FTE Positions—Other	1.1
Tons Collected	25,791
Residential Customers (number represents collection points)	27,374
Collection Location (backyard for disabled)	Curbside
Collection Frequency	1 x week
Size of Crews (most commonly used)	2 person
Percentage of Service Contracted	100%
Service Fee	No
Type of Equipment	7-9 packers

#### **EXPLANATORY INFORMATION**

#### **Service Level and Delivery**

Residential refuse collection service is provided once a week at curbside to Concord residents. Backyard service is available for the elderly and disabled. The city provided residential refuse collection service during FY 2009–10 under contract, with an annual cost of approximately \$2.87 million.

The contractor used seven to nine two-person crews on rear loaders and one to three one-person crew on an automated packer. Residents used one ninety-five-gallon cart, with extra carts available for larger families or unusual circumstances.

The city serviced thirty-eight collection routes over the week during FY 2009–10, with an average distance per residential refuse collection route per day to the landfill of eight miles. The packers made an average of two trips to the landfill per day per route.

The contractor collected 25,791 tons of residential refuse during the fiscal year at a cost of \$122 per ton.

#### **Conditions Affecting Service, Performance, and Costs**

Concord is the only jurisdiction participating in the project that contracts 100 percent of its residential refuse collection service. Therefore, "tons collected per collection FTE" is not used for Concord as a performance measure.

Concord's "total tons collected" includes bulk trash, which is collected along with residential refuse and cannot be separated for reporting purposes.

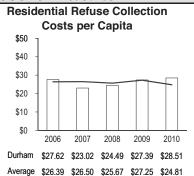
Concord defines valid complaints to mean any missed collection or request for service as determined by the city to result from contractor negligence or omission. Due to manpower shortages in FY 2006–07, city staff were unable to determine the validity of as many complaints as usual.

Key: Durham

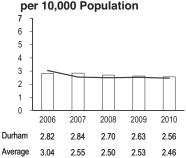
Benchmarking Average -

Fiscal Years 2006 through 2010

#### **RESOURCE Measures**



## **Residential Refuse Collection FTEs** per 10,000 Population



#### **WORKLOAD Measures**

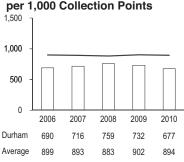
**Residential Refuse Tons** per 1,000 Population 500 400 300 200 100 0 2010 2006 2007 2008 2009 Durham 220 195 227 220 216

287

276

270

**Residential Refuse Tons** per 1,000 Collection Points



#### **EFFICIENCY Measures**

296

Average

Durham

Average

**Residential Refuse Collection Cost** per Ton Collected \$160 \$120 \$80 \$40 \$0 2010 2007 2008 2009

\$101

\$92

\$111

\$91

\$127

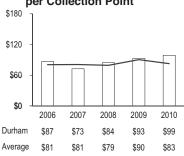
\$99

\$146

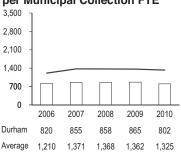
\$94

294

**Residential Refuse Collection Cost** per Collection Point



**Refuse Tons Collected** per Municipal Collection FTE



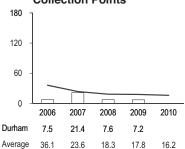
#### **EFFECTIVENESS Measures**

\$126

\$92

Complaints per 1,000 **Collection Points** 420 350 280 210 140 70 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 Durham 794 85.5 25.2 24 1 33.0 Average 70.0 32.4 61.5

Valid Complaints per 1,000 **Collection Points** 



## **Durham**

#### Fiscal Year 2009-10

MUNICIPAL PROFILE				
Population (OSBM 2009)	234,140			
Land Area (Square Miles)	105.59			
Persons per Square Mile	2,217			
Topography	Flat; gently rolling			
County	Durham			
Climate	Temperate; little snow and ice			
Median Family Income (US Census 2000)	\$51,162			
FULL COST PROFILE				

#### FULL COST PROFILE

Cost Breakdown by Percentage	
Personal Services	46.4%
Operating Costs	33.0%
Capital Costs	20.6%
TOTAL	100.0%
Cost Breakdown in Dollars	
Personal Services	\$ 3,098,904
Operating Costs	\$ 2,201,365
Capital Costs	\$ 1,374,017
TOTAL	\$ 6,674,286

#### **SERVICE PROFILE**

SLIVICE FIXOURE			
FTE Positions—Collection	57.0		
FTE Positions—Other	3.0		
Tons Collected	45,719		
Residential Customers	67,500		
(number represents collection p Collection Location (backyard for disabled)	Curbside		
Collection Frequency	1 x week		
Size of Crews (most commonly us	sed) 1 & 3 person		
Percentage of Service Contracted	0%		
Service Fee	No		
Type of Equipment	15 automated packers 6 packers		

#### **EXPLANATORY INFORMATION**

#### **Service Level and Delivery**

Residential refuse collection service is provided once a week at curbside to Durham residents. Senior citizens and disabled persons may apply for and receive backyard pickup. There is currently no fee for residential refuse collection service.

The city used twenty-two crews during FY 2009–10. Six crews were composed of one driver and two collectors using rear-loading packers. Fifteen one-person crews operated automated loaders. One two-person crew serviced the downtown route. Residents use one to four ninety-six-gallon capacity containers.

The city serviced seventy-four routes in FY 2009–10. The packers made an average of two trips to the disposal facility per day per route. The city used a transfer station during FY 2009–10.

Durham collected 44,719 tons of residential refuse during the fiscal year at a cost of \$146 per ton. The cost per ton does not include the disposal cost of \$33.07, representing the transfer fee.

#### **Conditions Affecting Service, Performance, and Costs**

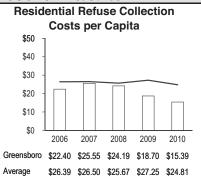
A valid complaint in Durham is one where the customer followed the city's policies for curbside service (placement at the curb by 7 a.m. on the appropriate collection date) but the crew failed to empty the cart or where the department was unable to provide a citizen a replacement cart within fifteen working days.

Key: Greensboro

Benchmarking Average -

Fiscal Years 2006 through 2010

#### **RESOURCE Measures**



# Residential Refuse Collection FTEs per 10,000 Population

2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 Greensboro 1.07 2.00 1.96 1.91 1.09 Average 3.04 2.55 2.50 2.53 2.46

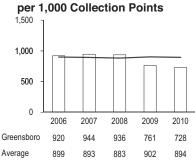
2

1

#### **WORKLOAD Measures**

**Residential Refuse Tons** per 1,000 Population 500 400 300 200 100 2010 2006 2007 2008 2009 Greensboro 252 257 250 216 208 Average 296 294 287 276 270





#### **EFFICIENCY Measures**

**Residential Refuse Collection Cost** per Ton Collected \$160 \$120 \$80 \$40 \$0 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 Greensboro \$89 \$99 \$97 \$87 \$74

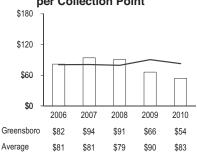
\$92

\$91

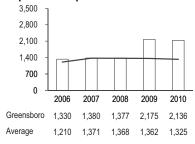
\$99

\$94

## Residential Refuse Collection Cost per Collection Point



#### Refuse Tons Collected per Municipal Collection FTE



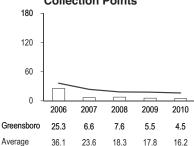
#### **EFFECTIVENESS Measures**

\$92

Average

Complaints per 1,000 **Collection Points** 420 350 280 210 140 70 2007 2008 2009 2010 Greensboro 586 26.8 33.9 296 25.4 Average 52.8 61.5 70.0 32.4 28.9

Valid Complaints per 1,000 Collection Points



## Greensboro

#### Fiscal Year 2009-10

MUNICIPAL PROFILE			
Population (OSBM 2009)	268,283		
Land Area (Square Miles)	127.75		
Persons per Square Mile	2,100		
Topography	Flat; gently rolling		
County	Guilford		
Climate	Temperate; some snow and ice		
Median Family Income (US Census 2000)	\$50,192		

#### **FULL COST PROFILE**

Cost Breakdown by Percentage	
Personal Services	32.2%
Operating Costs	67.8%
Capital Costs	0.0%
TOTAL	100.0%
Cost Breakdown in Dollars	
Personal Services	\$ 1,328,146
Operating Costs	\$ 2,801,195
Capital Costs	\$ -
TOTAL	\$ 4,129,341

#### **SERVICE PROFILE**

FTE Positions—Collection FTE Positions—Other	26.2 2.5
Tons Collected	55,898
Residential Customers	76,764
(number represents collection p Collection Location (backyard for disabled)	Curbside
Collection Frequency	1 x week
Size of Crews (most commonly us	ed) 1 & 2 person
Percentage of Service Contracted	0%
Service Fee	No
Type of Equipment	18 automated packers

3 packers

#### **EXPLANATORY INFORMATION**

#### **Service Level and Delivery**

Greensboro provides once-a-week collection of residential refuse at curbside. Each resident is provided up to two ninety-gallon carts.

There were twenty-one city crews for FY 2009–10. Eighteen crews have one driver operating an automated packer. Three crews use rear loaders.

The city used 86 collection routes during the fiscal year, with each packer making an average of 1.8 trips per day to the disposal facility averaging about eight miles. The city does not use a solid waste transfer station.

The city collected 55,898 tons of residential refuse during FY 2009–10 at a cost of \$74 per ton. Greensboro operates its own landfill.

Greensboro defines automated packers as one-armed automated-loading packers that are operated by one person. Rear-loaders are rear-loading packer trucks.

#### Conditions Affecting Service, Performance, and Costs Greensboro is highly automated in the area of residential refuse collection.

Greensboro's total tons collected includes bulk trash, which is collected along with residential refuse, and cannot be separated for reporting purposes.

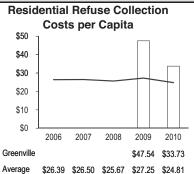
Greensboro began utilizing new software in FY 2006–07 which has allowed better tracking of complaints.

Key: Greenville

Benchmarking Average -

Fiscal Years 2006 through 2010

#### **RESOURCE Measures**



# Residential Refuse Collection FTEs per 10,000 Population

Greenville 4.62 4.54 Average 3.04 2.55 2.50 2.53 2.46

2007

2008

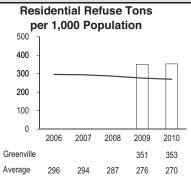
2009

2010

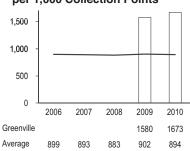
0

2006

#### **WORKLOAD Measures**

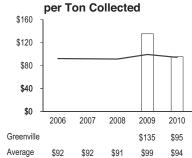




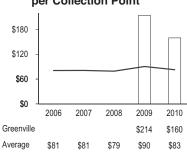


#### **EFFICIENCY Measures**

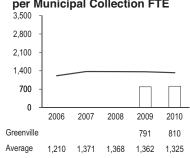
Residential Refuse Collection Cost



## Residential Refuse Collection Cost per Collection Point

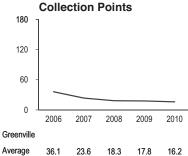


Refuse Tons Collected per Municipal Collection FTE



Complaints per 1,000 **Collection Points** 420 350 280 210 140 70 0 2007 2008 2009 2010 Greenville Average 61.5 70.0 32.4

Valid Complaints per 1,000



## Greenville

#### Fiscal Year 2009-10

MUNICIPAL PROFILE		
Population (OSBM 2009)	82,571	
Land Area (Square Miles)	35.01	
Persons per Square Mile	2,358	
Topography	Flat	
County	Pitt	
Climate	Mild; little	
	snow and ice	
Median Family Income	\$44,491	
(US Census 2000)		
	ı	

#### **FULL COST PROFILE**

Cost Breakdown by Percentage	
Personal Services	61.4%
Operating Costs	28.9%
Capital Costs	9.6%
TOTAL	100.0%
Cost Breakdown in Dollars	
Personal Services	\$ 1,710,626
Operating Costs	\$ 805,760
Capital Costs	\$ 268,380
TOTAL	\$ 2,784,766

#### **SERVICE PROFILE**

FTE Positions—Collection	36.00
FTE Positions—Other	1.5
Tons Collected	29,163
Residential Customers (number represents collection point	17,431
Collection Location	Backyard/Curbside
Collection Frequency	1 x week
Size of Crews (most commonly used)	3 persons
Percentage of Service Contracted	0%
Service Fee (monthlly per cart)	\$9.60 curbside \$26 backyard

#### **EXPLANATORY INFORMATION**

#### **Service Level and Delivery**

Greenville collects refuse from residential premises once a week at both curbside and backyard. Residents can choose which level of service to receive at different costs. Backyard collection is priced at \$26 per month while curbside is priced at \$9.60 per month. About 64 percent of households have chosen curbside.

The city uses eight crews composed of one driver and two colleciton workers who work four days a week. The crews use rear loading collection trucks.

Thirty-two collection routes were employed during FY 2009–10, with an average of two trips to the transfer station per day per route. The average distance to the transfer station per route was five and a half miles.

Greenville collected 29,163 tons of residential refuse during FY 2009–10 at a cost of \$95 per ton. The cost per ton does not include the disposal cost of \$28, representing the tipping fee at the transfer station.

#### Conditions Affecting Service, Performance, and Costs

Greenville joined the project with the first year of reporting for FY 2008–09.

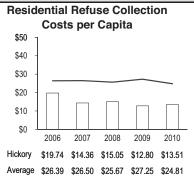
Greenville was one of only two municipalities participating in this project that continued to collect residential refuse from the backyard for many customers. This is a relatively labor intensive process and represents a high level of service.

Key: Hickory

Benchmarking Average -

Fiscal Years 2006 through 2010

#### **RESOURCE Measures**



# Residential Refuse Collection FTEs per 10,000 Population 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 2 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010

1.18

2.55

1.17

2.50

1.17

2.53

1.33

2.46

Hickory

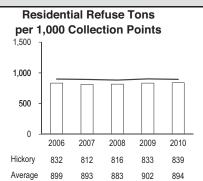
Average

1.79

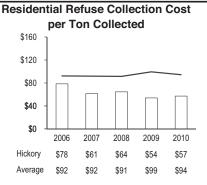
3.04

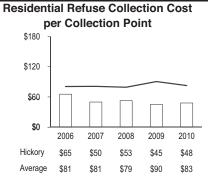
#### **WORKLOAD Measures**

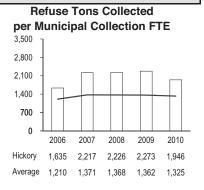
**Residential Refuse Tons** per 1,000 Population 400 300 200 100 0 2007 2008 2009 2010 Hickory 251 234 233 237 236 Average 294 287 296 276

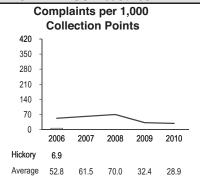


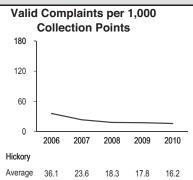
#### **EFFICIENCY Measures**











# **Hickory**

## Fiscal Year 2009–10

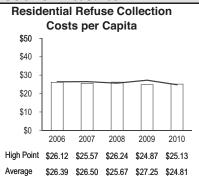
i iiokoi y		1 15Cai 16ai 2003–10
MUNICIPAL PROFILE		EXPLANATORY INFORMATION
Population (OSBM 2009)	41,151	
Land Area (Square Miles)	29.28	Service Level and Delivery Hickory collects refuse from residential premises once a week at curbside, although backyard collection is provided for elderly and
Persons per Square Mile	1,405	disabled citizens. A monthly solid waste fee of \$11 per cart was charged for residential refuse collection service during FY 2009–10. Each
Topography	Gently rolling	residence uses a cart provided by the city for residential refuse collection. Each cart has a capacity of ninety-six gallons and is provided at no charge. Upon request a second cart is provided to the customer for
County	Catawba	an additional solid waste fee.
Climate	Moderate; some snow and ice	The city used four one-person crews operating automated packers, one half-time crew composed of one driver and one collector working from a regular packer collecting on one-way streets and dead ends, and one quarter-time crew with one driver and one collector collecting from back
Median Family Income (US Census 2000)	\$47,522	yards.
		Fifteen collection routes were employed during FY 2009–10, with an average of two trips to the transfer station per day per route. The
FULL COST P	ROFILE	average distance to the transfer station per day per route. The average distance to the transfer station per route was five miles.
Cost Breakdown by Percentage		a consegue anotamos to ano a amono otamon por rosato mao mao m
Personal Services	42.4%	Hickory collected 9,730 tons of residential refuse during FY 2009–10 at
Operating Costs	41.9%	a cost of \$57 per ton. The cost per ton does not include the disposal
Capital Costs	15.7%	cost of \$33, representing the tipping fee at the Catawba County landfill.
TOTAL	100.0%	Hickory defines automated packers as trucks with mechanical arms.
Cost Breakdown in Dollars		Conditions Affecting Service, Performance, and Costs
Personal Services	\$ 235,765	Hickory is highly automated in the area of residential refuse collection.
Operating Costs	\$ 232,602	
Capital Costs	\$ 87,413	
TOTAL	\$ 555,780	
SERVICE PR	OFILE	
FTE Positions—Collection	5.00	
FTE Positions—Other	0.5	
Tons Collected	9,730	
Residential Customers (number represents collection p	11,600 points)	
Collection Location (backyard for disabled)	Curbside	
Collection Frequency	1 x week	
Size of Crews (most commonly us	sed) 1 person	
Percentage of Service Contracted	0%	
Service Fee (monthlly per cart)	\$11	
Type of Equipment	4 automated packers 1 packer	

Key: High Point ■

Benchmarking Average -

Fiscal Years 2006 through 2010

#### **RESOURCE Measures**



# Residential Refuse Collection FTEs per 10,000 Population

2007

4.18

2.55

2008

3.85

2.50

2009

3.78

2.53

2010

3.72

2.46

2006

4.11

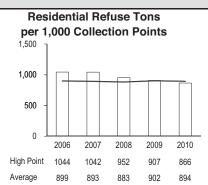
3.04

High Point

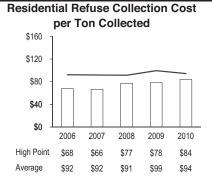
Average

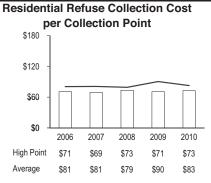
#### **WORKLOAD Measures**

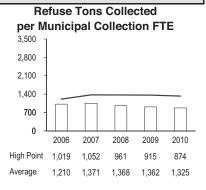
**Residential Refuse Tons** per 1,000 Population 400 300 200 100 0 2007 2008 2009 2010 High Point 386 385 341 318 299 Average 287 276 296 294 270

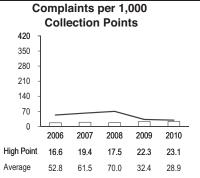


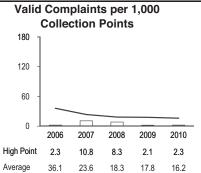
#### **EFFICIENCY Measures**











#### Fiscal Year 2009-10

# **High Point**

MUNICIPAL PROFILE			
Population (OSBM 2009)	102,216		
Land Area (Square Miles)	54.05		
Persons per Square Mile	1,891		
Topography	Flat; gently rolling		
County	Guilford		
Climate	Temperate; some snow and ice		
Median Family Income (US Census 2000)	\$48,057		

#### **FULL COST PROFILE**

Cost Breakdown by Percentage	
Personal Services	58.1%
Operating Costs	29.0%
Capital Costs	12.9%
TOTAL	100.0%
Cost Breakdown in Dollars	
Personal Services	\$ 1,492,809
Operating Costs	\$ 743,940
Capital Costs	\$ 332,426
TOTAL	\$ 2,569,175

#### **SERVICE PROFILE**

FTE Positions—Collection FTE Positions—Other	35.0 3.0
Tons Collected	30,587
Residential Customers	35,332
(number represents collection po Collection Location (backyard for disabled)	Curbside
Collection Frequency	1 x week
Size of Crews (most commonly use	ed) 1 & 2 person
Percentage of Service Contracted	0%
Service Fee	No
Type of Equipment	8 automated packers

2 packers

#### **EXPLANATORY INFORMATION**

#### **Service Level and Delivery**

High Point collects residential refuse once a week at curbside, although backyard collection is provided for residents with verified medical disabilities. High Point also has a contract for the collection of refuse from dumpsters at multi-family units but these costs and tons are not included in this reporting.

The city uses nine crews with automated trucks with one person and two crews with one driver and two collectors. There are thirty-eight collection routes. The average number of trips to the landfill is two per day per route. The average distance to the landfill is eight miles.

The city collected 30,587 tons of residential refuse during FY 2009–10 at a cost of \$84 per ton. The cost per ton does not include the disposal cost of \$26, representing the landfill tipping fee. The city does not use a transfer station.

Residents may use up to two roll-out carts constructed so that they can be emptied by the lifting devices mounted on city trucks. The cart size is ninety-six gallons.

High Point defines rear loaders as trucks with large hoppers and bulky item capacity, with refuse loaded from the rear. Automated packers are trucks that contain a device that sweeps the refuse into the trucks and are essentially independent of external influence or control. Packers are manual trucks.

#### **Conditions Affecting Service, Performance, and Costs**

"Tons collected per collection FTE" includes only the tons collected by city crews.

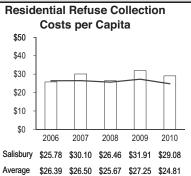
High Point began transitioning from rear packers to automated side loaders in November 2007 for two of the ten residential routes. Six other automated loaders were received from January 2010 to August 2010. By 2011 the transition will be complete to nearly all residential routes being served by automated loaders except for special collections.

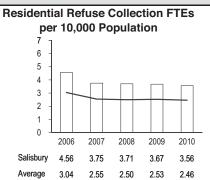
Key: Salisbury

Benchmarking Average -

Fiscal Years 2006 through 2010

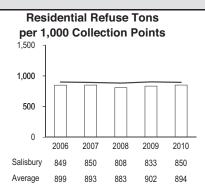
#### **RESOURCE Measures**



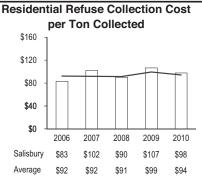


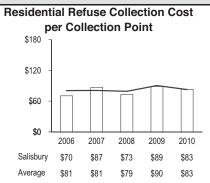
#### **WORKLOAD Measures**

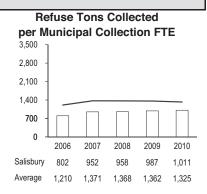
**Residential Refuse Tons** per 1,000 Population Salisbury Average 

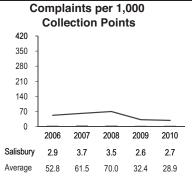


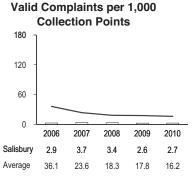
#### **EFFICIENCY Measures**











## Salighury

**SERVICE PROFILE** 

FTE Positions—Collection

FTE Positions—Other

Residential Customers

(backyard for disabled) Collection Frequency

Collection Location

(number represents collection points)

Size of Crews (most commonly used)

Percentage of Service Contracted

Service Fee (monthly)

Type of Equipment

Tons Collected

#### Fiscal Year 2009-10

Salisbui	y	Fiscal Year 2009–10	
MUNICIPAL P	ROFILE	EXPLANATORY INFORMATION	
Population (OSBM 2009)	32,263		
Land Area (Square Miles)	21.93	Service Level and Delivery Salisbury provides residential refuse collection service once per week at curbside. Backyard collection service is provided for disabled customers	
Persons per Square Mile	1,471	only. The city charges a monthly fee of \$4.09 for residential collection.	
Topography	Gently rolling	The city employed three crews during FY 2009–10 with two driver- operators. Fifteen collection routes were used with an average of one nineteen-mile trip per route per day to the transfer station.	
County	Rowan		
Climate	Moderate; little snow and ice	Each resident has one ninety-five-gallon roll-out cart provided and paid for by the city. A second cart may be obtained. The city collected 9,609 tons of residential refuse during FY 2009–10 at a cost per ton of \$98. Not included in the cost per ton was a \$34 landfill tipping fee.	
Median Family Income (US Census 2000)	\$41,108	Salisbury defines its semi-automated packers as low-entry compactors that can be driven from either side of the truck, with the refuse being dumped in the rear of the truck from roll-out carts.	
FULL COST P	ROFILE		
Cost Breakdown by Percentage		Conditions Affecting Service, Performance, and Costs Salisbury's total tons collected includes bulk trash, which is collected	
Personal Services	51.2%	along with residential refuse and cannot be separated for reporting	
Operating Costs	31.4%	purposes.	
Capital Costs	17.4%		
TOTAL	100.0%		
Cost Breakdown in Dollars			
Personal Services	\$ 480,292		
Operating Costs	\$ 294,518		
Capital Costs	\$ 163,409		
TOTAL	\$ 938,219		

9.50

2.00

9,609

11,300

Curbside

1 x week

0%

\$4.09

3 packers

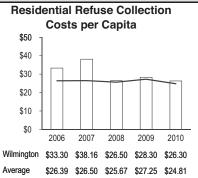
1 & 2 person

Key: Wilmington

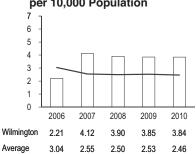
Benchmarking Average -

Fiscal Years 2006 through 2010

#### **RESOURCE Measures**

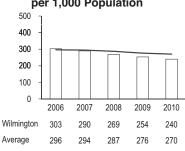


## **Residential Refuse Collection FTEs** per 10,000 Population

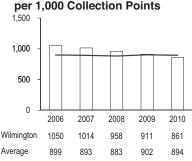


#### **WORKLOAD Measures**

**Residential Refuse Tons** per 1,000 Population

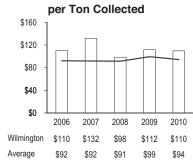


**Residential Refuse Tons** per 1,000 Collection Points

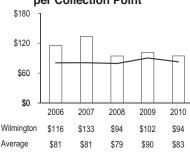


#### **EFFICIENCY Measures**

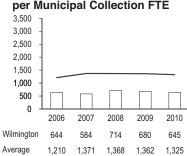
**Residential Refuse Collection Cost** 



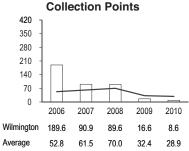
**Residential Refuse Collection Cost** per Collection Point



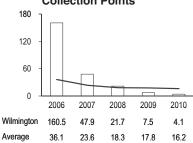
**Refuse Tons Collected** per Municipal Collection FTE



Complaints per 1,000



Valid Complaints per 1,000 Collection Points



# Wilmington

#### Fiscal Year 2009-10

MUNICIPAL PROFILE		
Population (OSBM 2009)	102,207	
Land Area (Square Miles)	51.55	
Persons per Square Mile	1,983	
Topography	Flat; coastal plain	
County	New Hanover	
Climate	Mild	
Median Family Income (US Census 2000)	\$41,891	
FULL COOT PROFILE		

FULL COST I	PROFIL	Ε
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Cost Breakdown by Percentage	
Personal Services	46.7%
Operating Costs	42.7%
Capital Costs	10.6%
TOTAL	100.0%
Cost Breakdown in Dollars	
Personal Services	\$ 1,254,331
Operating Costs	\$ 1,149,064
Capital Costs	\$ 284,747
TOTAL	\$ 2,688,142

#### **SERVICE PROFILE**

FTE Positions—Collection	38.0
FTE Positions—Other	1.3
Tons Collected	24,505
Residential Customers (number represents collection points)	28,453
Collection Location (backyard for disabled)	Curbside
Collection Frequency	1 x week
Size of Crews (most commonly used)	2 & 3 person
Percentage of Service Contracted	0%
Service Fee	\$23.75 for maxi \$19.50 for mini
Type of Equipment	15 packers

#### **EXPLANATORY INFORMATION**

#### **Service Level and Delivery**

Wilmington provides basic refuse collection service for residences once a week at curbside. Customers may elect twice-a-week collection for a premium charge. Wilmington provides all collection containers and carts to its customers. Customers may use either a ninety-gallon or forty-gallon cart.

A volume-based fee system is used to finance residential refuse collection. This is designed to encourage residents to reduce the amount of refuse they generate. The city charged a monthly fee of \$23.75 for ninety-gallon carts and \$19.50 for forty-gallon carts during FY 2009–10.

During FY 2006–07 Wilmington made a major shift in bringing all of refuse collection back in house after relying mostly on private contractors in earlier years. This transition required the hiring of a substantial number of staff and a large amount of one-time costs for the purchase of roll-out carts.

During FY 2009–10 Wilmington used eleven crews of one driver and two collectors and four crews with one driver and one collector. All crews use semi-automated packer trucks.

Forty-four collection routes were used during FY 2009–10, with an average of two trips per route per day to the landfill. The average distance to the landfill was 9.5 miles. The city collected 24,505 tons of residential refuse during FY 2009–10 at a cost of \$110 per ton. The cost per ton does not include the disposal cost of \$55.65 for the landfill tipping fee.

Wilmington defines semi-automated packers as packer trucks that have tippers on them to lift the carts.

#### Conditions Affecting Service, Performance, and Costs

Wilmington defines a valid complaint as any complaint registered if there is no evidence to dispute it. The high level of complaints in prior years was one of the reasons for bringing back more of refuse collection under city operations.

Key: Wilson

Benchmarking Average -

Fiscal Years 2006 through 2010

#### **RESOURCE Measures**



#### **Residential Refuse Collection FTEs** per 10,000 Population 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 Wilson 2.47 2.51 2.40 2.37 2.34

2.55

2.50

2.53

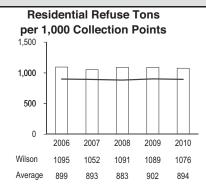
2.46

Average

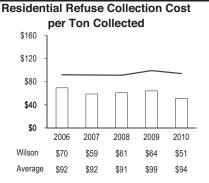
3.04

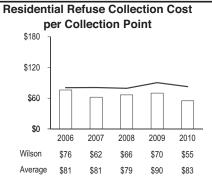
#### **WORKLOAD Measures**

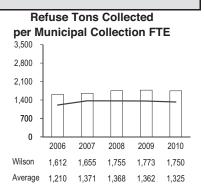
**Residential Refuse Tons** per 1,000 Population 500 400 300 200 100 0 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 Wilson 371 375 375 386 385 Average 296 287 276 294

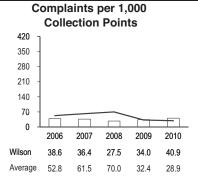


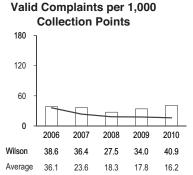
#### **EFFICIENCY Measures**











## Wilson

## Fiscal Year 2009–10

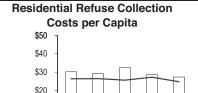
<b>WII3011</b>		riscal feat 2009–10
MUNICIPAL P	ROFILE	EXPLANATORY INFORMATION
Population (OSBM 2009)	51,274	
		Service Level and Delivery
Land Area (Square Miles)	29.02	Residential refuse collection service is provided once a week at curbside to Wilson residents. Senior citizens and disabled persons may apply for
Persons per Square Mile	1,767	and receive backyard pickup. There is currently a monthly \$14 fee per household for residential refuse collection service.
Topography	Flat	The city used five one-person crews during FY 2009–10 working from automated packers. The city also used two three-person crews
County	Wilson	composed of one driver and two collectors working from semi- automated rear loaders. Residents are required to use ninety-six-gallon
Climate	Mild; little	roll-out containers.
	snow and ice	The city serviced seventeen collection routes in a week during FY 2009–10. The packers made an average of two trips to the disposal facility per
Median Family Income (US Census 2000)	\$41,041	day per route with the distance to the transfer station being ten miles.
		Wilson collected 19,253 tons of residential refuse during the fiscal year
FULL COST P	ROFILE	at a cost of \$51 per ton. The cost per ton does not include the disposal cost of \$37.20, representing the tipping fee at the transfer station.
Cost Breakdown by Percentage		cost of \$57.20, representing the appling fee at the transfer station.
Personal Services	53.2%	Wilson defines automated packers as fully automated trucks requiring
Operating Costs	39.2%	one driver. Packers are rear-loading, semi-automated trucks requiring
Capital Costs	7.6%	one driver and two collectors.
TOTAL	100.0%	Conditions Affecting Service, Performance, and Costs The city of Wilson considers all complaints to be valid complaints.
Cost Breakdown in Dollars		The dity of Wilder conducte an complainte to be valid complainte.
Personal Services	\$ 522,606	
Operating Costs	\$ 385,510	
Capital Costs	\$ 74,902	
TOTAL	\$ 983,018	
SERVICE PR		
FTE Positions—Collection	11.0	
FTE Positions—Other	1.0	
Tons Collected	19,253	
Residential Customers (number represents collection	17,900 points)	
Collection Location (backyard for disabled)	Curbside	
Collection Frequency	1 x week	
Size of Crews (most commonly u	used) 1 & 3 person	
Percentage of Service Contracte	ed 0%	
Service Fee (monthly)	\$14.00	
Type of Equipment	5 automated packers 2 packers	

Key: Winston-Salem ■

Benchmarking Average -

Fiscal Years 2006 through 2010

#### **RESOURCE Measures**

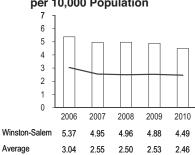


 2006
 2007
 2008
 2009
 2010

 Winston-Salem
 \$30.24
 \$29.28
 \$32.51
 \$28.63
 \$27.36

 Average
 \$26.39
 \$26.50
 \$25.67
 \$27.25
 \$24.81

## Residential Refuse Collection FTEs per 10,000 Population

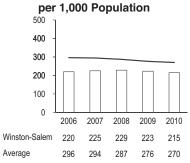


#### **WORKLOAD Measures**

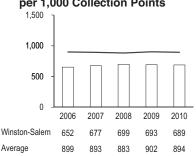
\$10

\$0

Residential Refuse Tons

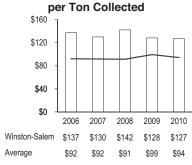


Residential Refuse Tons per 1,000 Collection Points

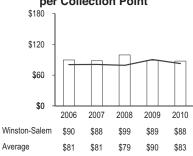


#### **EFFICIENCY Measures**

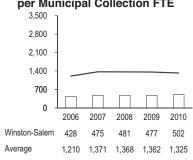
Residential Refuse Collection Cost



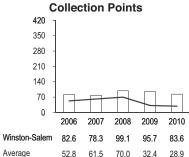
Residential Refuse Collection Cost per Collection Point



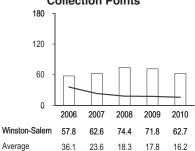
Refuse Tons Collected per Municipal Collection FTE



Complaints per 1,000 Collection Points



Valid Complaints per 1,000 Collection Points



## Winston-Salem

#### Fiscal Year 2009-10

MUNICIPAL PROFILE		
Population (OSBM 2009)	235,075	
Land Area (Square Miles)	133.19	
Persons per Square Mile	1,765	
Topography	Gently rolling	
County	Forsyth	
Climate	Moderate; some snow and ice	
Median Family Income (US Census 2000)	\$46,595	

#### **FULL COST PROFILE**

Cost Breakdown by Percentage

60.9%
28.3%
10.8%
100.0%
\$ 3,917,176
\$ 1,822,175
\$ 692,584
\$ 6,431,935
\$

#### **SERVICE PROFILE**

SERVICE PROFILE			
FTE Positions—Collection	100.80		
FTE Positions—Other	4.80		
Tons Collected	50,608		
Residential Customers (number represents collection point	73,500		
Collection Location	Backyard/Curbside		
Collection Frequency	1 x week		
Size of Crews (most commonly used	) 3 person		
Percentage of Service Contracted	0%		
Service Fee	No		
Type of Equipment	3 automated packers 29 packers		

#### **EXPLANATORY INFORMATION**

#### **Service Level and Delivery**

Winston-Salem collects residential refuse once a week from backyards and at curbside. The city implemented a voluntary curbside collection program in March 2005. At the end of FY 2009–10, over 70 percent of households participated in the voluntary curbside collection program.

The city uses twenty-nine three-person crews composed of a driver and two collectors equipped with rear-loading packers to collect most of the residential refuse. In addition, there are three automated trucks with one person, one special collections truck with one person, and one central business district crew with one driver and one collector.

Residents may use four twenty-gallon containers, three thirty-two-gallon containers, or one ninety-six-gallon roll-out cart. There was no fee for the residential refuse service during FY 2009–10.

The city collected 50,608 tons of residential refuse during FY 2009–10 from 73,500 collection points. The cost per ton was \$127, which does not include the tipping fee of \$36 per ton. The city used one hundred and twenty-eight collection routes during the fiscal year with an average of one trip per route per day to the landfill. The average distance to the landfill was ten miles.

Winston-Salem primarily uses rear-loading packers, which are trucks that load from the back. Two lifters are on the back of each truck. The crews hook their carts onto these lifters and dump the refuse into the back of the truck. The compactor blade also is located in the back of the truck.

#### **Conditions Affecting Service, Performance, and Costs**

Winston-Salem was one of only two municipalities participating in this project that continued to collect residential refuse from the backyard for many customers. This is a relatively labor intensive process and represents a high level of service.

