

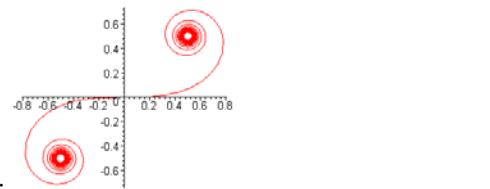
Diffraction Summary

Huygen's Principle, Babinet's Principle, Spherical Waves, Helmholtz Equation: $\nabla^2 E + k^2 E = 0$ for $E(x, y, z, t) = E e^{-i\omega t}$

$$\text{Fresnel-Kirchoff Formula } E(x, y, d) = -\frac{i}{\lambda} \iint_{\text{aperture}} E(x', y', 0) \frac{e^{ikR}}{R} \left[\frac{1 + \cos \varphi}{2} \right] dx' dy'$$

$$\text{Fresnel Approximation } E(x, y, d) = -\frac{i}{\lambda d} e^{ikd} e^{\frac{i}{2d}(x^2 + y^2)} \iint_{\text{aperture}} E(x', y', 0) e^{\frac{i}{2d}(x'^2 + y'^2)} e^{-\frac{i}{d}(xx' + yy')} dx' dy' = -\frac{i}{\lambda d} e^{ikd} \iint_{\text{aperture}} E(x', y', 0) e^{\frac{i}{2d}[(x-x')^2 + (y-y')^2]} dx' dy'$$

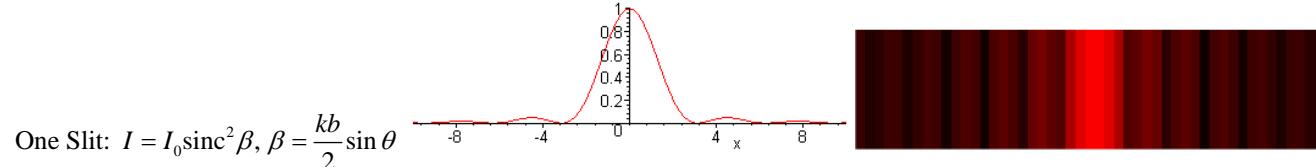
$$\text{Fresnel Integrals and Cornu Spirals } E(x, y, d) = -\frac{iE_0 e^{ikd}}{\sqrt{2\lambda d}} \iint_{\text{aperture}} e^{\frac{i\pi}{2}(u^2 + v^2)} du dv, \int_0^u e^{i\pi u^2/2} du = \int_0^u \cos(\frac{\pi u^2}{2}) du + i \int_0^u \sin(\frac{\pi u^2}{2}) du \equiv C(u) + iS(u)$$



Plot $S(u)$ vs $C(u)$:

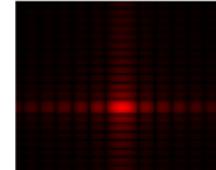
$$\text{Fraunhofer Approximation } E(x, y, d) = -\frac{i}{\lambda d} e^{ikd} e^{\frac{i}{2d}(x^2 + y^2)} \iint_{\text{aperture}} E(x', y', 0) e^{-\frac{i}{d}(xx' + yy')} dx' dy'$$

Diffraction Patterns



$$\text{One Slit: } I = I_0 \operatorname{sinc}^2 \beta, \beta = \frac{kb}{2} \sin \theta$$

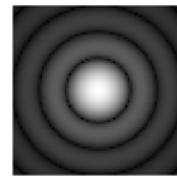
$$\text{Rectangular Slit } I = I_0 \operatorname{sinc}^2 \frac{kax}{2R} \operatorname{sinc}^2 \frac{kby}{2R},$$



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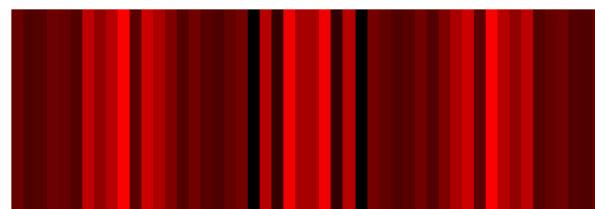
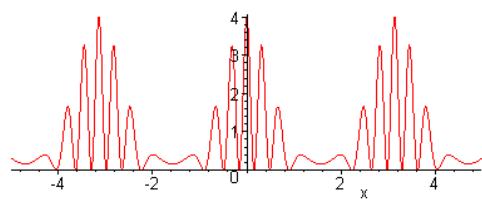
Circular Slit $E(\rho, d) = -\frac{2\pi i e^{ikd}}{\lambda d} e^{\frac{i k \rho^2}{2d}} E_0 \int_0^a J_0\left(\frac{k \rho \rho'}{d}\right) \rho' d\rho'$ implies $I = I_0 \left[\frac{a \lambda}{\sin \theta} J_1\left(\frac{2\pi a}{\lambda} \sin \theta\right) \right]^2$

Resolution: Want $ka \sin \theta = 3.83 \Rightarrow \rho = \frac{3.83 R \lambda}{2\pi a} \approx 1.22 \frac{R \lambda}{2a}$



Two Slits $I = 4I_0 \operatorname{sinc}^2 \beta \cos^2 \alpha$, $\beta = \frac{kb}{2} \sin \theta$, $\alpha = \frac{ka}{2} \sin \theta$ for slit width b and separation a

- Principal vs subsidiary maxima



N Slits $I = I_0 \operatorname{sinc}^2 \beta \left(\frac{\sin N\alpha}{\sin \alpha} \right)^2$, $\beta = \frac{kb}{2} \sin \theta$, $\alpha = \frac{ka}{2} \sin \theta$

