MAT 261 Exam IV	Name
1. Compute $\iint_{R} y \sin(\pi x)  dx  dy \text{ for } R = [0, 1] \times [1, 2].$	Instructions: a Do all of your work in this booklet. Do not tear off any sheets
	<ul> <li>b. Show all of your steps in the problems for full credit.</li> <li>c. Be clear and neat in your work. Any illegible work, or scribbling in the margins, will not be graded.</li> <li>d. Place a box around your answers.</li> <li>e. Place your name on all of the pages.</li> <li>f. If you need more space, you may use the back of a page and write On back of page # in the problem space.</li> </ul>
	Page Pts
	1 (25 pts)
2. Sketch the region of integration, interchange the $\frac{4}{2}$	2 (25 pts)
order, and evaluate: $\int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^2 y  dy dx.$	Total (50 pts)
$0 \sqrt{x}$	4 Find the image of the unit square under the
	transformation $T(u, v) = (u - 2v, u + v)$ .
3. Evaluate $\int_{0}^{2} \int_{0}^{\sqrt{4-y^{2}}} x  dx  dy$ using polar coordinates.	What is the Jacobian of this transformation?
	5. Find the surface area of the part of the plane 2x + 5y + z = 10 that lies inside the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 9$ .

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MAT 261 Exam IV 6. A region of space lies between two surfaces, which are given by $z = 8 - x^2 - y^2$ and $z = x^2 + y^2$ . a) Sketch the region and find the equation for the curve at the intersection.	Name 7. Evaluate $\iint_{D} \frac{2y}{x^2+1} dA$ for the region given by $D = \{(x, y)   0 \le x \le 1, 0 \le y \le \sqrt{x} \}.$
b) Express the volume of the region as a triple integral in Cartesian coordinates. <b>Do not perform the</b> <b>integration!</b>	8. A hollow wooden bowl of uniform density <i>D</i> has the shape of a hemisphere of outer radius 10" and an inner radius of 9". The center of mass is located at $(0, 0, \overline{z})$ . Set up the integral expression for the mass and $\overline{z}$ .
c) Express the volume of the region as a triple integral in cylindrical coordinates and carry out the integration.	<b>BONUS:</b> Compute $\overline{z}$ .