MAT 261 Exam I Sample	Name					
1. (36 pts) Let $\mathbf{u} = \mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$ and $\mathbf{v} = -\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + 2\mathbf{k}$ .		Problem	Score			
Determine the following:		1 (36 pts)				
a. $\mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{v}$ .		2(20  pts)				
		$\frac{1}{3(26 \text{ pts})}$				
		4(18  pts)				
b. <b>v × u</b> .		Total (100 pts)				
		10tul (100 pts)				
	2. (20 pts) Consider the plane passing through the three points (1,0,0), (0,1,0), (0,0,1).					
	a. Give a	a normal vector to the plane.				
c. The angle between $\mathbf{u}$ and $\mathbf{v}$ .						
d. Normalize <b>u</b> .						
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e. Find the parametric equations, $\{x(t), y(t), z(t)\}$ , for the line passing through (1,2,1) in the direction of <b>v</b> .	b. What i	s the equation of	the plane?			
f. A wagon is pulled a distance of 100 m along a	c. What is	s the area of the the terrices?	riangle having the	se points		
handle of the wagon is at an angle of 60°. Find the	ub 115 v					
work done on the box.						

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. (26 pts) Do the following:	(18 pts) Match the surface h	w placing t	ha lattar in	
formed by	the table corresponding to the figures and equation			
$\mathbf{a} = <1, 0, 0 >, \mathbf{b} = <0, 1, 0 >, \mathbf{c} = <1, 2, 3 >.$	below. If there is no match to the name, write "nor			
	in the space.			
	Name	Figure	Equatio	
	Hyperbolic Cylinder			
b. Find the equation of the sphere for which the line segment from (1,0,1) to (1,1,1) is a diameter.	Ellipsoid			
	Hyperbolic Paraboloid			
	Hyperboloid of One Sheet			
	Elliptic Cylinder			
	Cone			
	Elliptic Paraboloid			
	Parabolic Cylinder			
	Hyperboloid of Two Sheets			
	The Suuface Distan			
	I ne Surface Plots:			
c. Consider the surface described by the equation				
$z^2 - y^2 - \frac{x}{2} - 6 = 0$ . Sketch and label the				
intersections of this surface with planes parallel to	a b	c	d	
the <i>yz</i> -plane.				
	e f	g	n	
	The Equations:			
	a. $z^2 + y^2 - x^2 = 0$			
d. For the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 4x - y - 1 = 0$	b. $x^2 - y^2 + z = 0$			
determine the radius and center.	c. $\frac{1}{2}y^2 - x^2 - 2z^2 = 0.1$			
	d. $z^2 + 2y^2 = 5$			
	e. $x^2 + 2z = 0$			
	f. $x^2 + \frac{1}{2}z^2 - y = 0$			
	g. $x^2 + \frac{1}{4}y^2 + \frac{1}{2}z^2 = 1$			