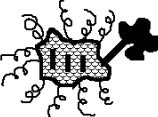



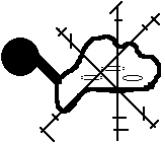









Novel probe stimuli used in Experiment 1 of the Galizio, Stewart & Pilgrim (in review) ms. One of the “A” stimuli always served as samples on novel probe trials. Probe stimuli are identified by the number of relevant features present (1F, 2F, 3F, 4F) and which features were present: B=base, I=insert, A=appendage, P=pattern.

	<u>Class 1</u>	<u>Class 2</u>	<u>Class 3</u>
A	WUG	JOM	NIZ

Stimuli that repeat the feature combination used in baseline with novel class-inconsistent features:

J (4F)			
K (3F-BIA)			
L (3F-BIP)			
M (2F-IP)			

N
(1F-B)



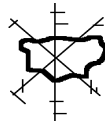
O
(1F-I)



P
(1F-P)

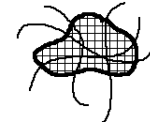
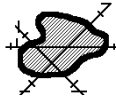
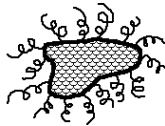


Q
(1F-A)



Stimuli with novel combinations of the class consistent features and an additional novel prototype:

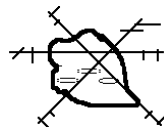
R
(2F-PA)



S
(2F-PB)



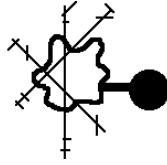
T
(2F-IA)



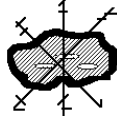
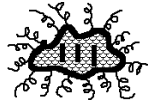
U
(2F-IB)



V
(2F-AB)



W
(3F-PIA)



X
(3F-PAB)

