

Latin 201: Homework Due Oct. 23

The following questions are based on Catullus 8. In each case, you'll make them an indirect statement, to complete the question phrase. Then you give one translation of the sentence (a, b or c) requested in front of the last blank. Step 1: What does the simple question mean? Step 2: What tense is the verb of the main clause (the question)? Step 3: put the indirect question clause's verb into the correct mood (subjunctive of course) and tense to express its meaning (see Wheelock). (Note: I do not expect you to be able to do this off the top of your head and I do expect that you will need Wheelock right in front of you as you do it, though if you don't need it, bene, vērē doctus/a es.)

1. Catullus Lesbiam rogat ...

(a) quis tē adit? _____

(b) quis tē adibat? _____

(c) quis tē adibit? _____

Translate (a) _____

2. Catullus Lesbiam rogavit ...

(a) cui vidēris bella? _____

(b) cui visa es bella? _____

(c) cui vidēbēris bella? _____

Translate (c) _____

3. tē vōlō nārrāre ...

(a) quem nunc amās? _____

(b) quem amāvisti? _____

(c) quem nunc amābis? _____

Translate (b) _____

4. nōn scivit ...

(a) cuius esse dicēris? _____

(b) cuius esse dicēbaris? _____

(c) cuius esse dicēris _____

Translate (b) _____

5. semper ā Lesbiā petivit ...

(a) quem basiās? _____

(b) quem basiābās? _____

nōmen _____

(c) quem basiābis? _____

Translate (a) _____

6. poeta semper cōgitat ...

(a) cui labella mordēs? _____

(b) cui labella mordēbas? _____

(c) cui labella mordēbis? _____

Translate (c) _____