

## Short answers:

- 1) Dr. Cohen, and Dr. Keith are not fashion kings. They each wear two styles of shirts (V-neck and Crew neck) in 5 colors (Black, gray, blue, green, and burgundy). Each shirt style and color choice are randomly chosen each day (as is evidenced by their often "creative" use of color matching).
  - a) What is the probability that they will wear the same style and color shirt on a particular day?
  - b) What is the probability that they would wear the same color shirt on a particular day?
  - c) If you see Dr. Cohen wearing a blue shirt, what is the probability that Dr. Keith will be wearing the same color shirt?
- 2) I read the other day that 26% of the American public refuse drink milk from a straw (CNN poll, N = far too many to count). But I also say that only 18 % of children under the age of 10 refused to drink milk from a straw (ABC poll, N = 100).
  - a) Do children under the age of ten have the same milk/straw drinking preferences as the American public?
  - b) What is the probability of a percent at least as extreme as the American publics occurring from the population of children under the age of ten?
- 3) Alpha (one-tailed) = .1, Beta = .4, what is the standardized difference between the means of the two groups?
- 4) The verbal portion of the GREs has a mean of 400 and a SD of 100.
  - a) What percent of the scores are greater than 550?
  - b) What percent of the scores fall between 500 and 600?
  - c) What percent of the scores are at least 200 points away from the mean?
  - d) What is the 95% confidence interval around the mean?

## Statistical Problem:

I have a theory that those who prefer football to baseball are happier and more extroverted than those who prefer baseball are (BTW, never end a sentence in a preposition). I also believe that the number of hot wings that a person eats while watching a game is a good indicator of how happy that person is (more wings indicate a happier person; please note that I am NOT a clinician). Thus, I have run an experiment where I have 2 groups of subjects, those who like football and those who like baseball. I test each subject individually. I have them watch their preferred game with large bowl of hot wings in front of

them. I measure the number of wings that they eat during the first hour of the game.

Please use the data set provided for the following questions, (adopt a two-tailed alpha = .05):

- 1) Please create a two-sided stem and leaf plot comparing the two groups on number of wings eaten.
- 2) Please create side by side boxplots comparing the two groups' wings eaten.
- 3) Please give the mean, median, and mode, variance, standard deviation, and SE of the DV for each group.
- 4) Have the two groups eaten the same number of wings? Assume that the variances are equal.
- 5) What was your probability of a Type I and II error for the test in (4)?
- 6) What was your power for each of the tests in (4)?
- 7) What conclusions can you make about the two groups' happiness, based on the tests that you just performed? Was the power adequate for the tests? Why?

## Essays (Please answer 3 of 5):

- 1) I argue that 98% of psychological dependent variables should be "ordinal." Why?
- 2) What can we conclude when we fail to reject the Null Hypothesis? Why?
- 3) Why should we always look at the data before we run any tests? What about the data are we looking for? Why?
- 4) What type of information do we get from standardizing a variable? What is the mean and SD of a standardized variable? What does the new standardized score tell us?
- 5) Please describe and explain the three ways that we can increase the power of an experiment. What are the advantages and disadvantages of each?